
Clarivate™
Web of Science助您开启高效科研之旅
王 振 | 科睿唯安 | 学术研究事业部 | 高级解决方案专家

日益复杂和竞争激烈的研究环境

如何充分挖掘文献价值以使其更好地助力您的科学研究？

缺乏研究时间

研究人员在管理完成研究项目所需的所有任务时，感到时间越来越紧迫，压力越来越大。

低质量期刊/论文陷阱

期刊、论文数量极速增长，如何甄别高影响力期刊、论文成为影响科研效率的重要问题。

不断增长的研究成果类型

期刊、会议、图书、专利、博硕士论文、预印本、数据集……不同载体类型的研究成果正深刻影响着每一位科研人员的研究进程。

内容大纲

Web of Science平台介绍

如何借助Web of Science获取更多科研信息

如何更好地展示学术成果

让高效成为科研常态

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Web of Science平台介绍


Clarivate™
Web of Science

Web of Science 平台

通过同一平台监测和发现：最新研究成果、潜在合作伙伴、研究趋势和商业机会。

- 2.08亿+ 文献记录
- 24亿+ 参考文献
- 34,500 +期刊
- 254 学科
- 550万+ 博硕士论文
- 200万+ 预印本
- 1.13亿+ 专利
- 1500万+ 数据集

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Statistics as of July 2023

Science Citation Index Expanded™

SCIE，科学引文索引

数学	计算机科学	园艺学	地质学
物理	自动控制	能源与燃料	工程
化学	植物学	医学	材料科学
生物	昆虫学、动物学	心理学	教育
生态学	结晶学	天文学和天体物理学	海洋学
生理学	环境科学	食品科学	光学
农业、农学	行为科学	声学	……

9,500+
期刊

1900
最早回溯年

60,000,000+
文献记录

178
Web of Science 类别

Clarivate™

Statistics as of July 2023

Social Sciences Citation Index™

SSCI，社会科学引文索引

人类学	经济学	老年医学	法律
区域研究	教育和教育研究	卫生政策和服务	语言学
商业	环境研究	历史	管理学
文化研究	人类工程学	休闲、运动和旅游	护理
沟通	伦理学	工业关系与劳工问题	心理学
犯罪学和刑罚学	家庭研究	图书馆学与情报学	政治学
人口统计学	地理	国际关系	.....

3,500+
期刊

1900
最早回溯年

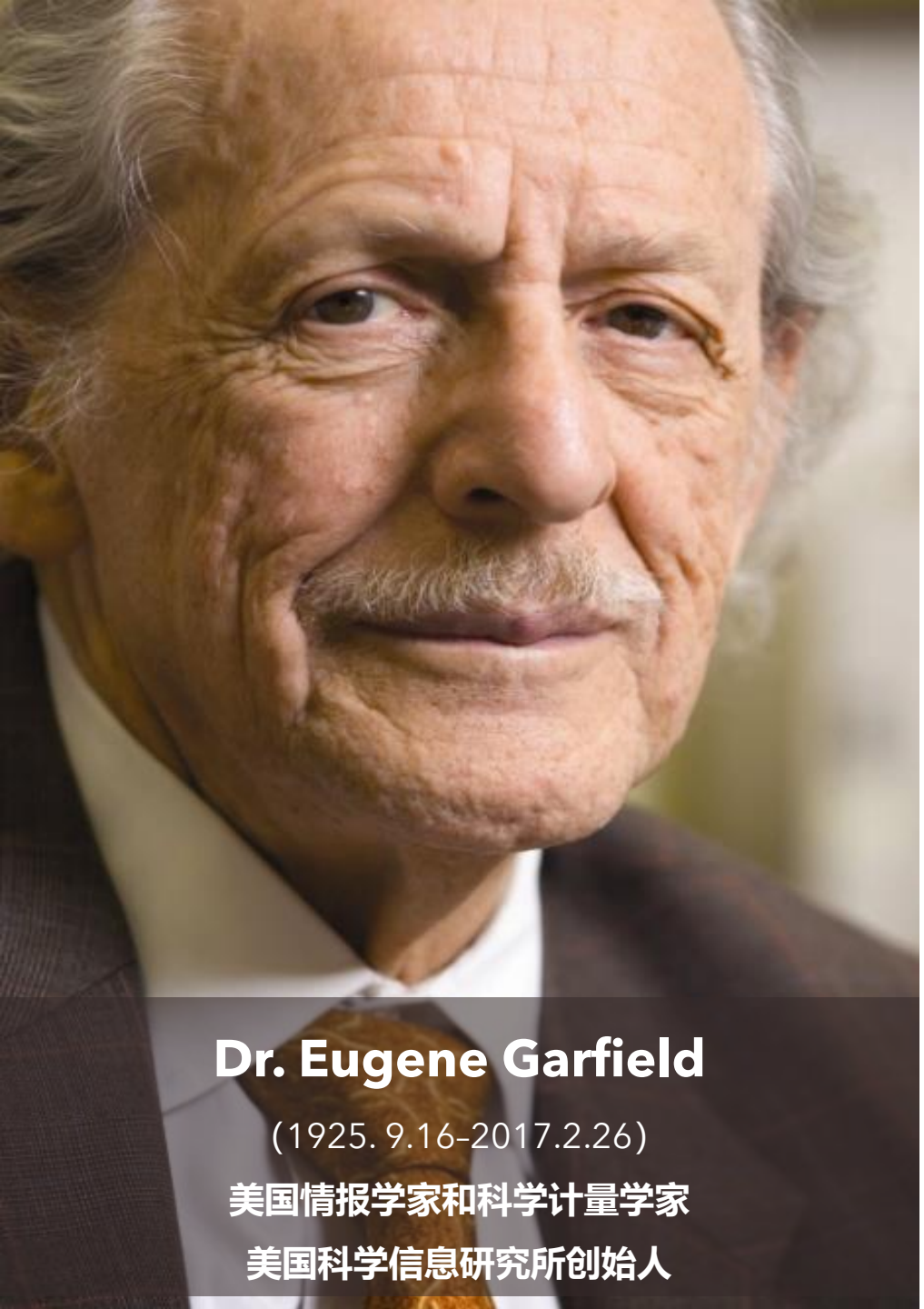
10,000,000+
文献记录

58
Web of Science 类别

Clarivate™

Statistics as of July 2023

Citation Index?



Dr. Eugene Garfield

(1925. 9.16-2017.2.26)

美国情报学家和科学计量学家

美国科学信息研究所创始人

Citation Indexes for Science

A New Dimension in Documentation through Association of Ideas

Eugene Garfield

"The uncritical citation of disputed data by a writer, whether it be deliberate or not, is a serious matter. Of course, knowingly propagandizing unsubstantiated claims is particularly abhorrent, but just as many naive students may be swayed by unfounded assertions presented by a writer who is unaware of the criticisms. Buried in scholarly journals, critical notes are increasingly likely to be overlooked with the passage of time, while the studies to which they pertain, having been reported more widely, are

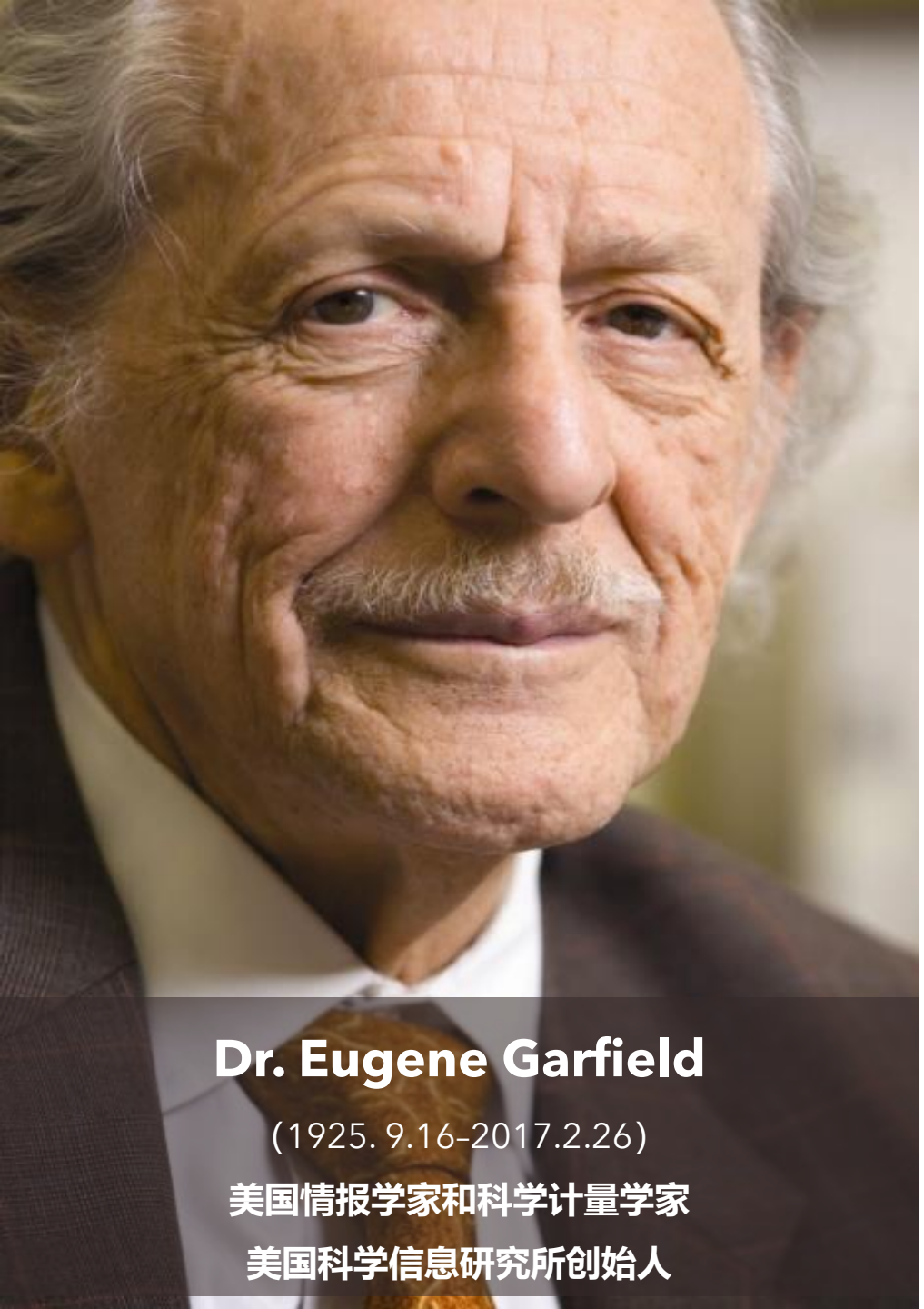
approach to subject control of the literature of science. By virtue of its different construction, it tends to bring together material that would never be collated by the usual subject indexing. It is best described as an association-of-ideas index, and it gives the reader as much leeway as he requires. Suggestiveness through association-of-ideas is offered by conventional subject indexes but only within the limits of a particular subject heading.

If one considers the book as the macro unit of thought and the periodical article

Unique Data

独特

- Dr. Garfield 1955年在 *Science* 发表论文提出将引文索引作为一种新的文献检索与分类工具：将**一篇文献**作为检索字段从而跟踪一个Idea的发展过程及学科之间的交叉渗透的关系。



Dr. Eugene Garfield

(1925. 9.16-2017.2.26)

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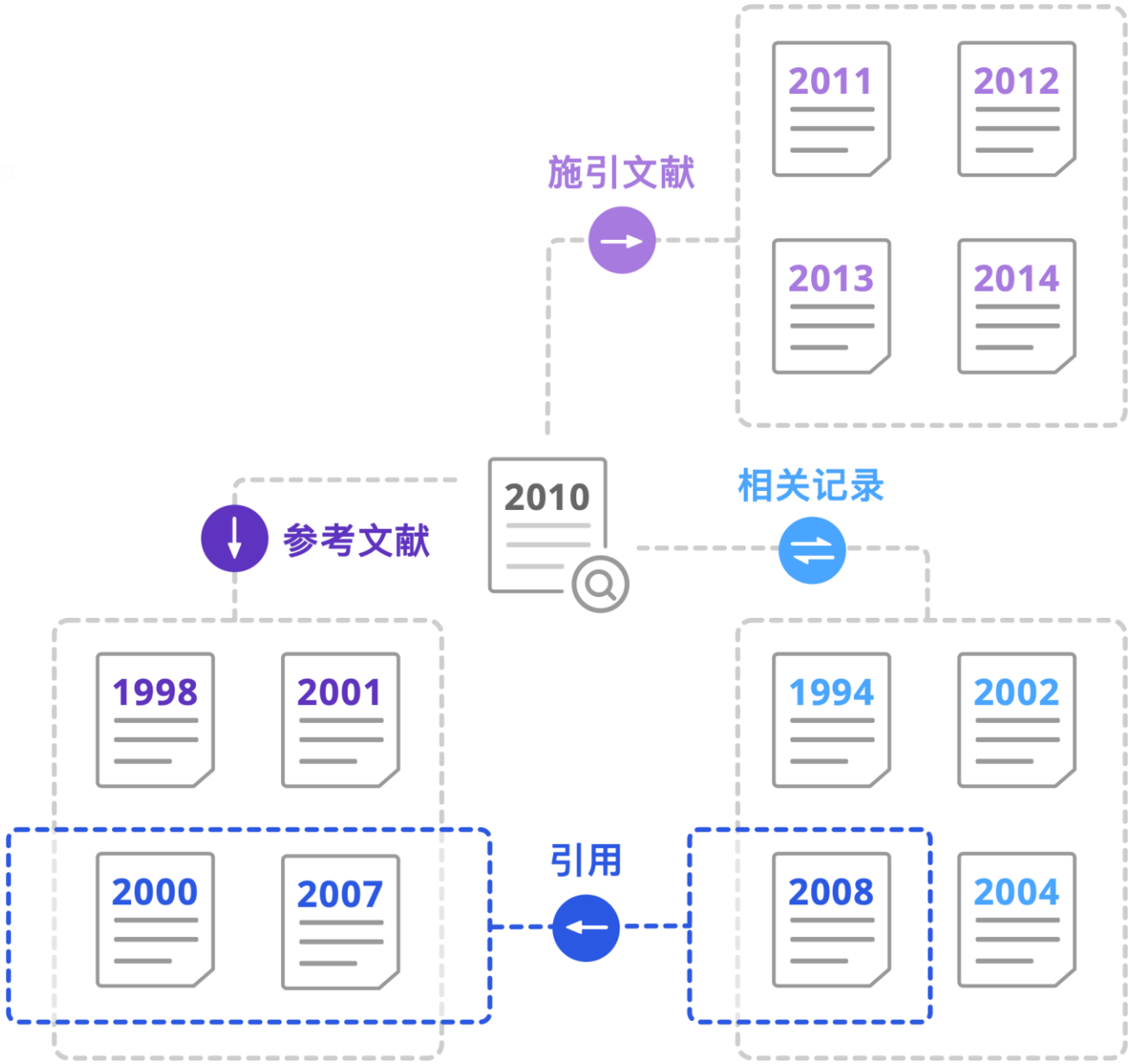

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借助《研究前沿》探寻研究新视野

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研究前沿报告

2024年11月27日，科睿唯安与中国科学院向全球联合发布了《2024研究前沿》报告，这是双方连续第11年携手发布《研究前沿》系列报告。

《2024研究前沿》报告依托于中国科学院杰出的文献分析实力，根据科睿唯安Web of Science和Essential Science Indicators（基础科学指标，简称ESI）的高质量数据，遴选出了自然科学和社会科学的 11 个大学科领域排名最前的 110个热点前沿和 15个新兴前沿。

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07 化学与材料科学

表 29 化学与材料科学领域 Top 10 热点前沿

序号	研究前沿	核心论文	被引频次	核心论文平均出版年
1	碳量子点发光材料	36	4092	2021.1
2	硒化锑薄膜太阳能电池	15	2241	2021.1
3	酸性析氧电催化剂	32	6134	2020.4
4	有机窄谱带发光材料	23	4243	2020.4
5	过渡金属催化的烯烃双官能团化反应	36	6370	2020.0
6	阴离子交换膜燃料电池和水电解池	26	6016	2020.0
7	吸附式大气集水研究	27	5174	2020.0
8	氧化还原液流电池	23	4118	2020.0
9	水系锌离子电池无枝晶锌金属负极设计	41	19689	2019.8
10	镧系单分子磁体	20	5090	2019.8

08 物理学

表 35 物理学领域 Top 10 热点前沿

序号	热点前沿	核心论文	被引频次	核心论文平均出版年
1	高压下富氢化物的高温超导电性研究	30	4046	2021.5
2	笼目超导材料 AV_3Sb_5 的特性研究	45	5694	2021.1
3	f(Q) 引力理论及其应用	26	2320	2021.1
4	量子点发光二极管	24	4059	2020.8
5	无限层型镍酸盐的超导电性研究	25	2820	2020.7
6	双场量子密钥分发	36	5682	2020.6
7	半导体量子计算	23	3736	2020.2
8	轴子暗物质探测	17	2630	2020.2
9	微型发光二极管的尺寸效应研究	15	2360	2020.1
10	氧化镓功率器件研发	44	7990	2020.0

研究前沿报告

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Web of Science 检索方式速览

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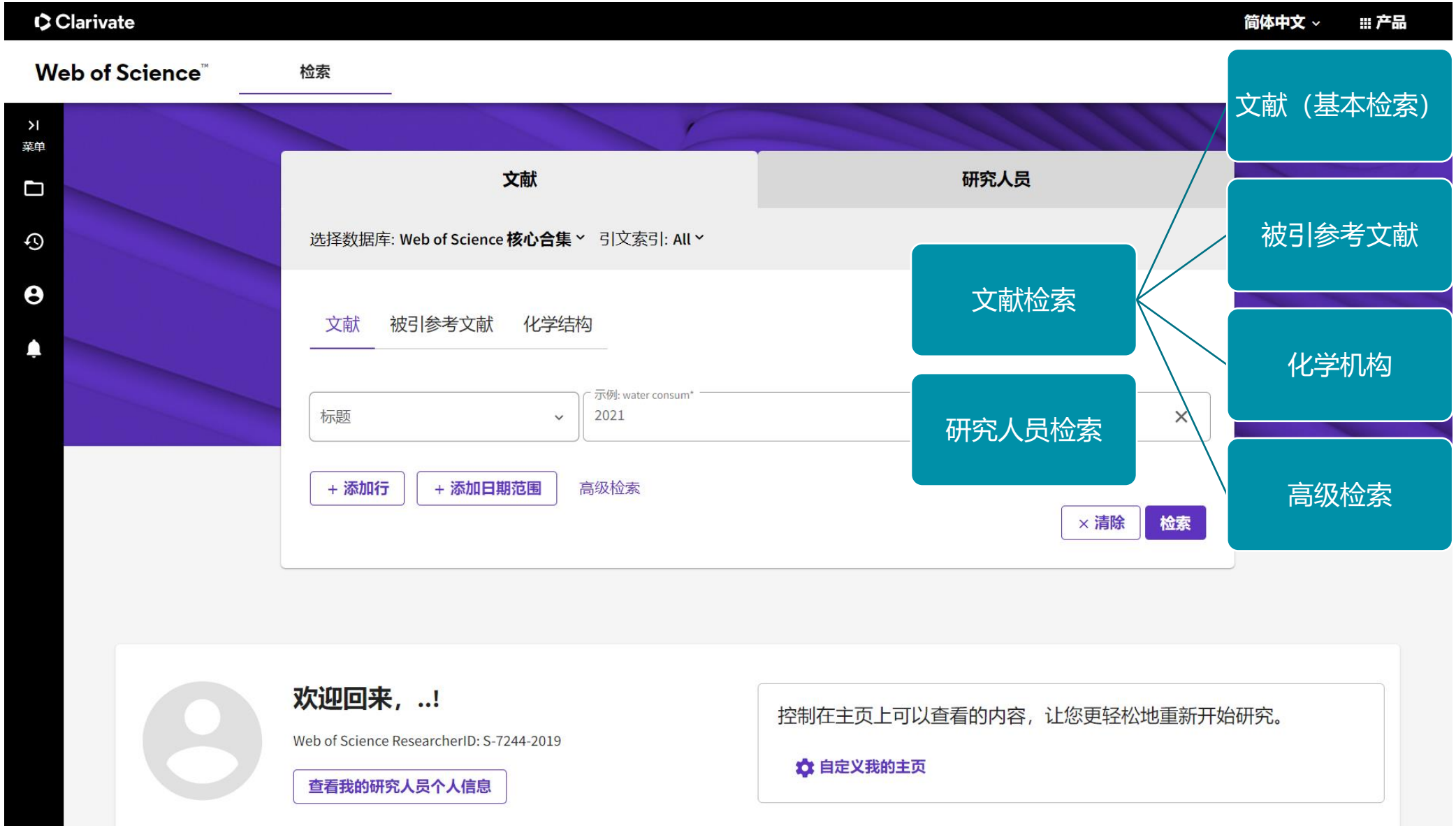
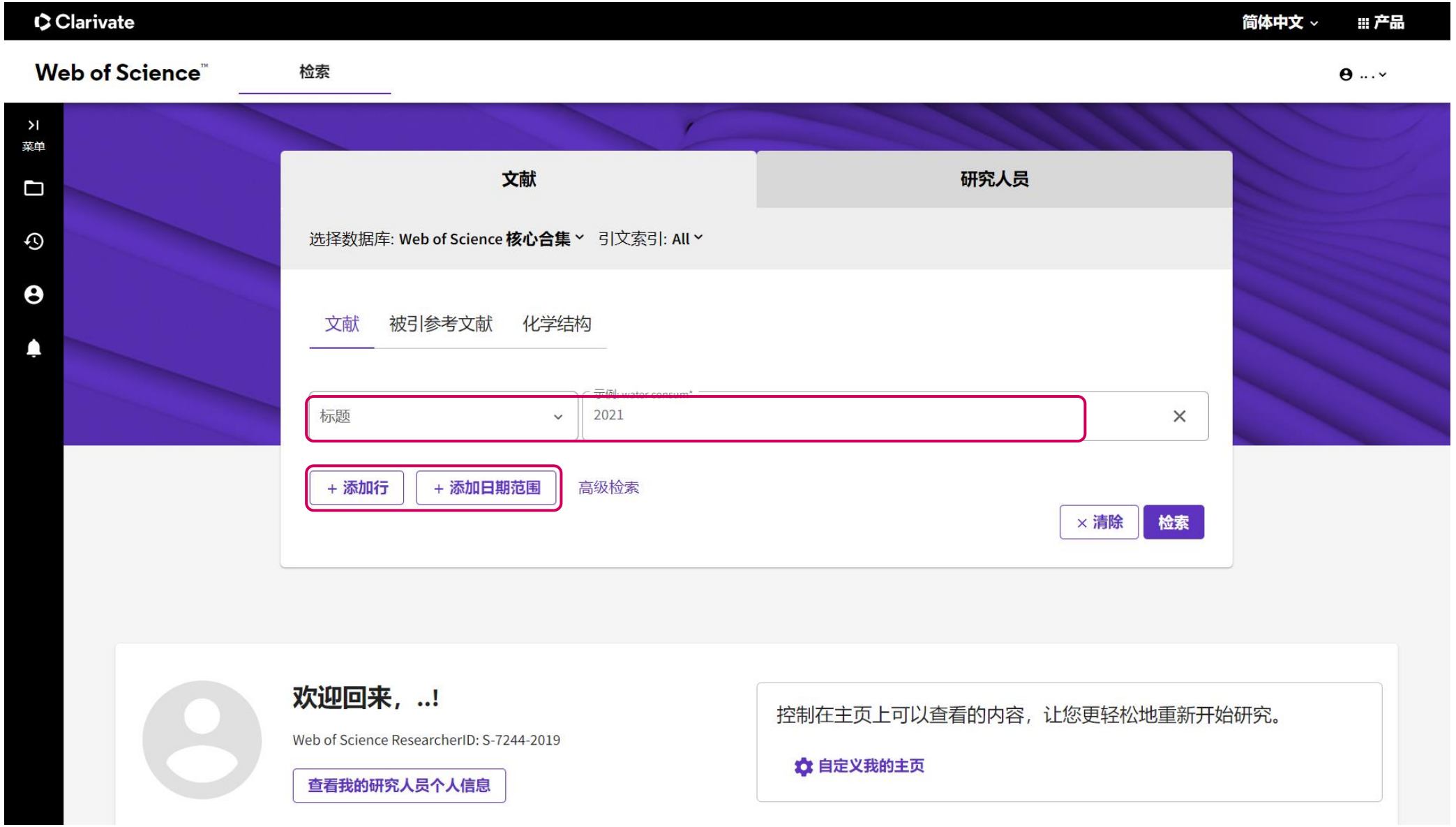
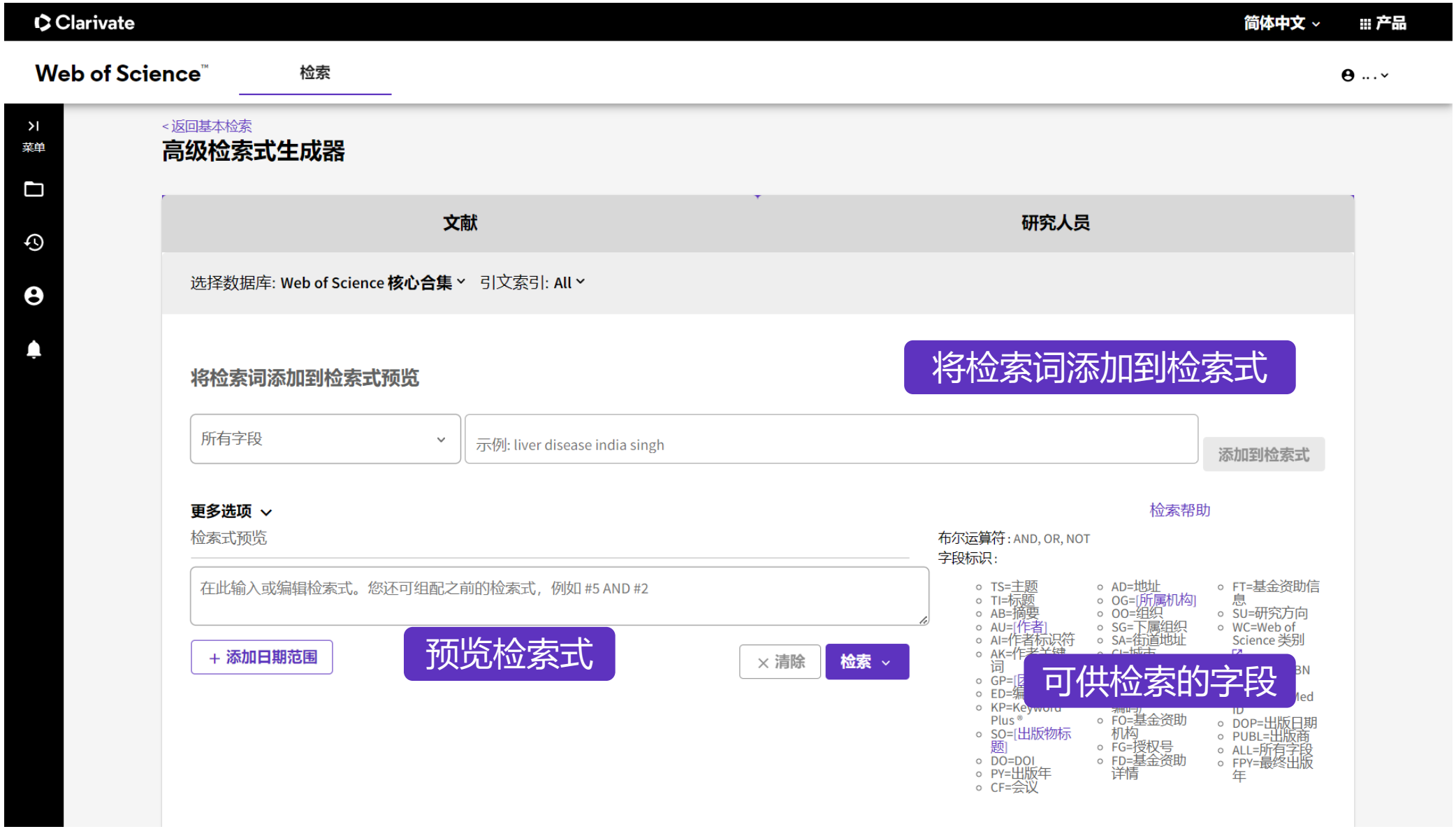
Web of Science 核心合集提供的检索方式



Web of Science 核心合集提供的检索方式——文献（基本检索）



Web of Science 核心合集提供的检索方式——高级检索



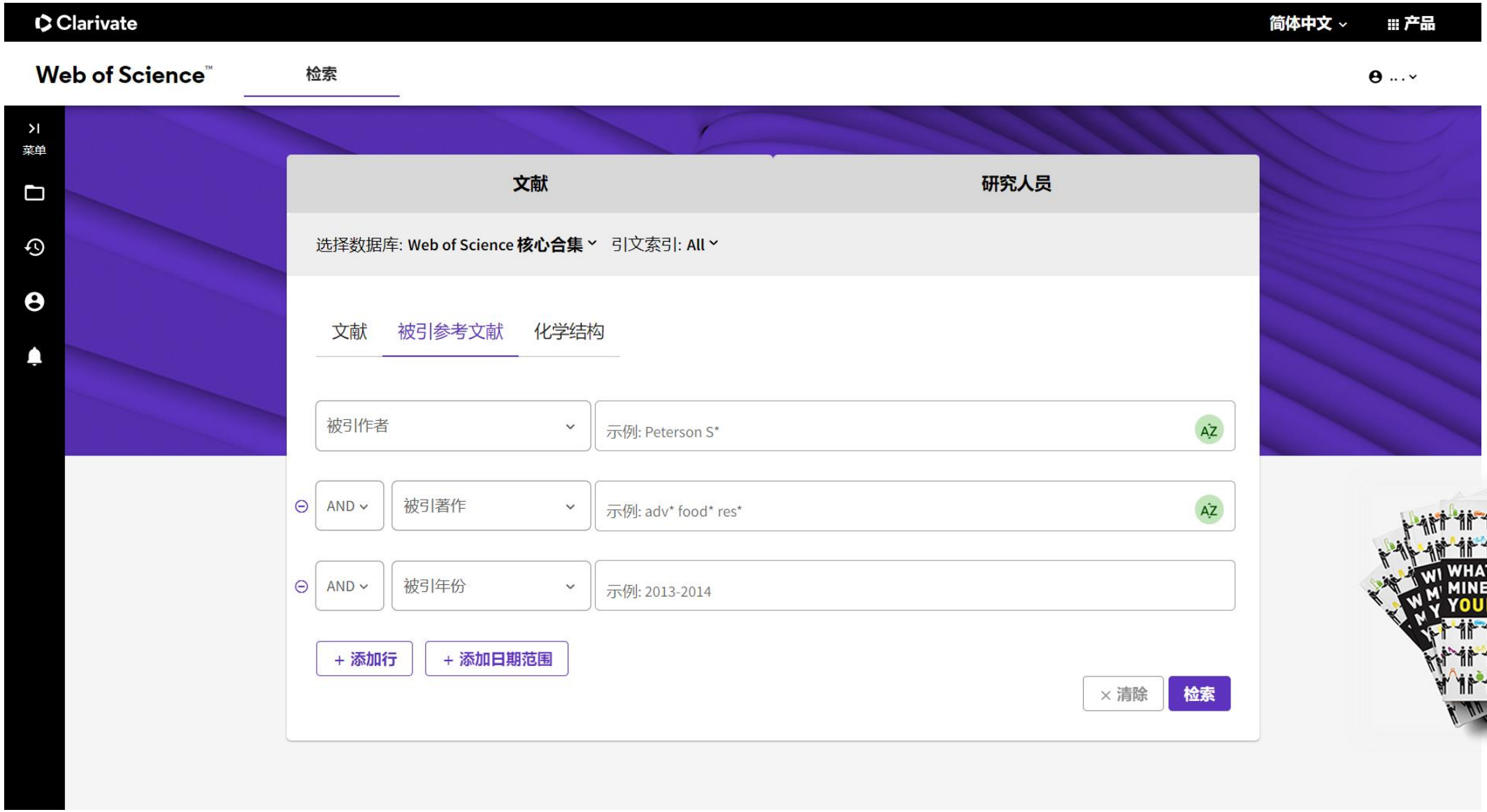
Web of Science 核心合集提供的检索方式——被引参考文献检索

- 以一篇文献为检索起点进行**被引参考文献检索**

被引参考文献检索的特点：

- 以一篇文章、一个作者、一本期刊或者一本书作为检索词，进行被引参考文献检索，在不了解关键词或者难于限定关键词的时候，您可以从一篇高质量的文献出发，了解课题的全貌。
  - 某一理论有没有得到进一步的证实？是否已经应用到了新的领域？
  - 某项研究的最新进展及其延伸？
  - 某个实验方法是否得到改进？
  - 如何了解某篇论文/某部论著被引用情况？以揭示其影响力.
  - 跟踪未被Web of Science平台收录的文献的后续进展

Web of Science 核心合集提供的检索方式——被引参考文献检索



Web of Science 核心合集提供的检索方式——研究人员检索

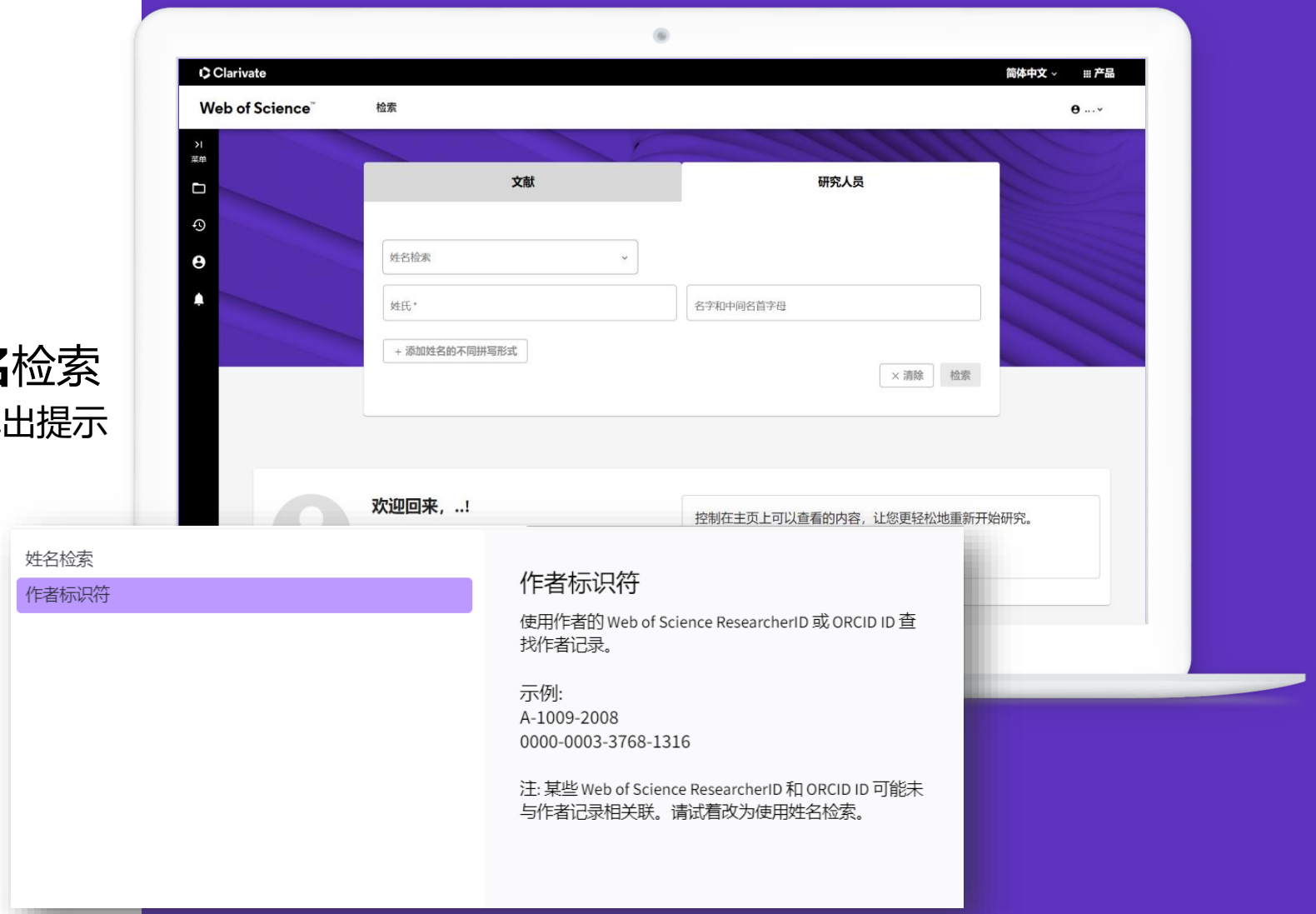
①通过**作者姓名**检索

输入部分内容将出现弹出提示

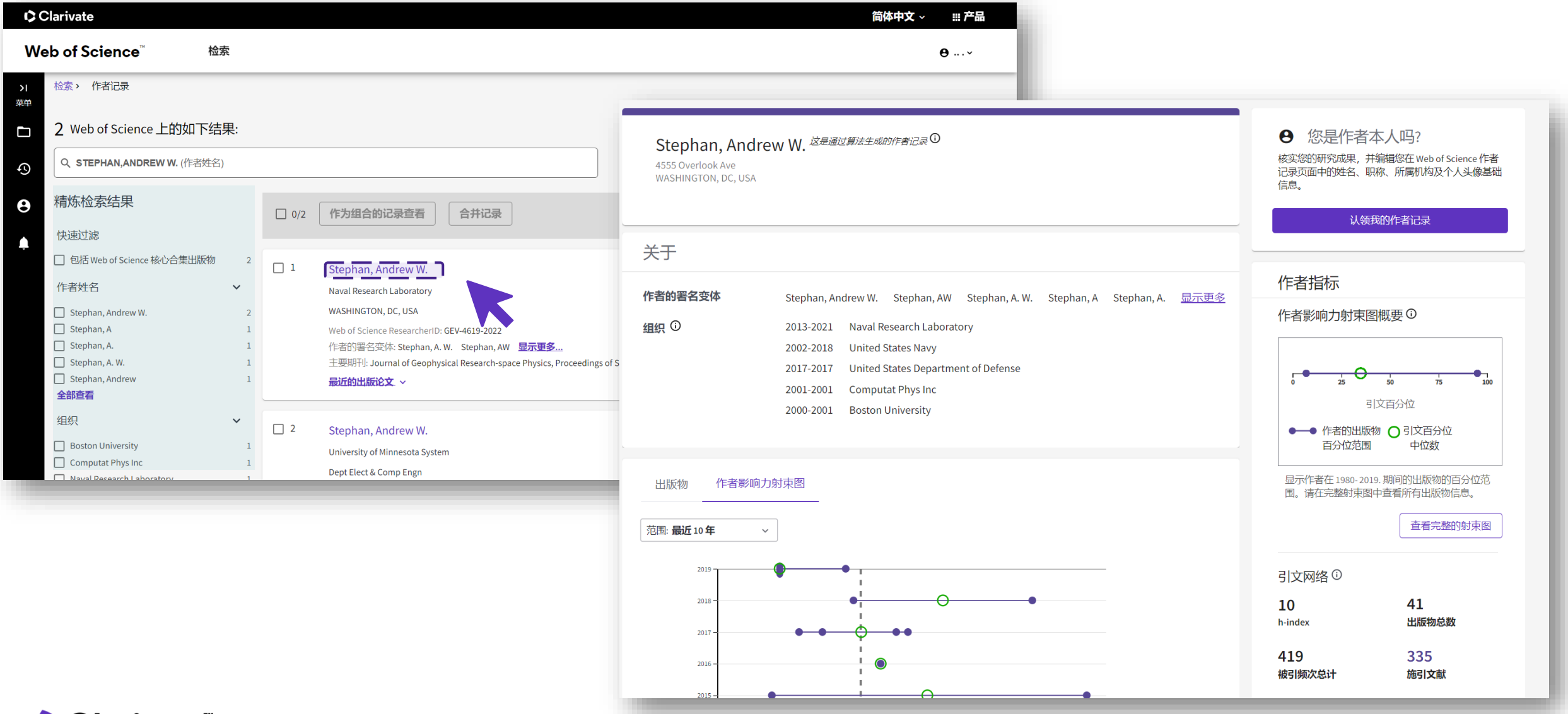
②通过作者的

Web of Science ResearcherID 或 ORCID ID

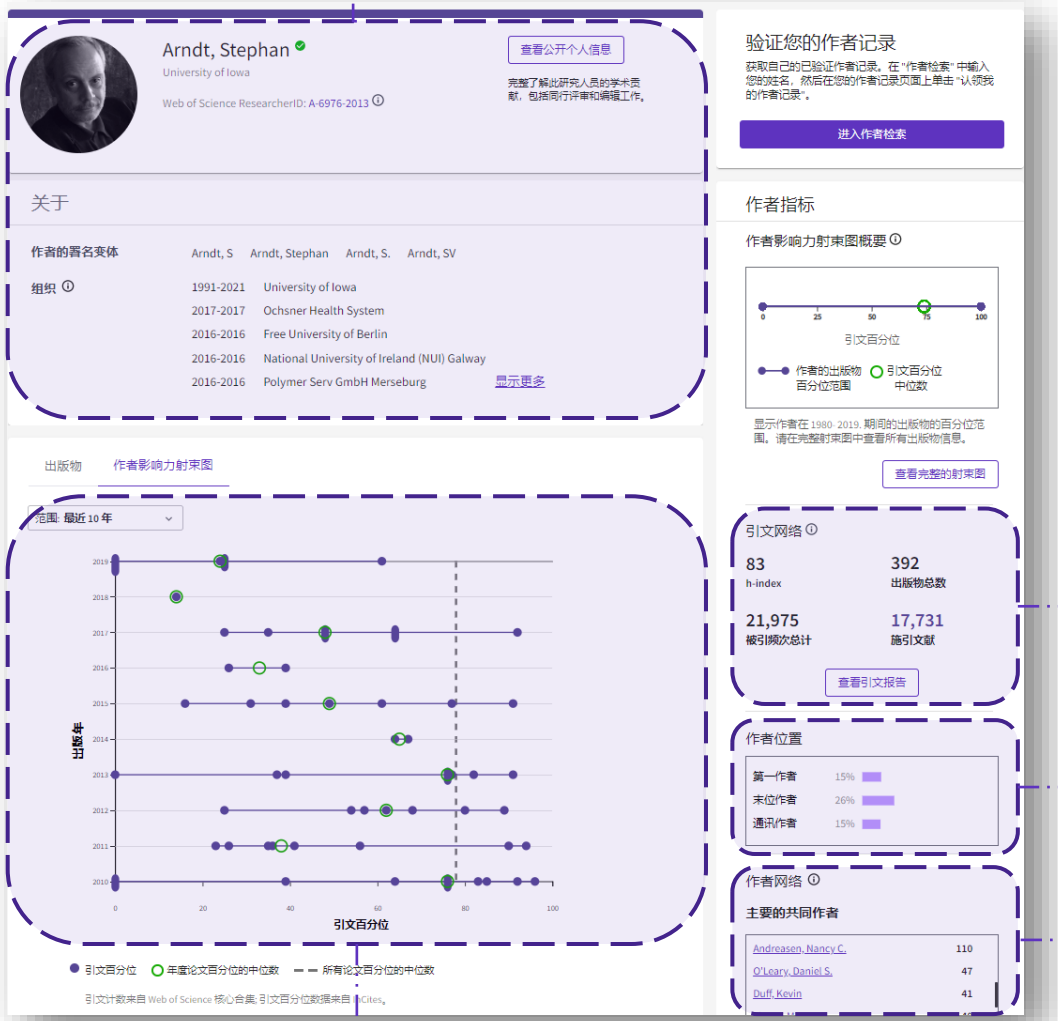
检索



点击作者姓名进入作者记录页面



查看作者记录



作者基础信息

引文网络

作者位置

作者网络

作者影响力射束图

……

Web of Science作者档案
快速梳理和展示现有成果

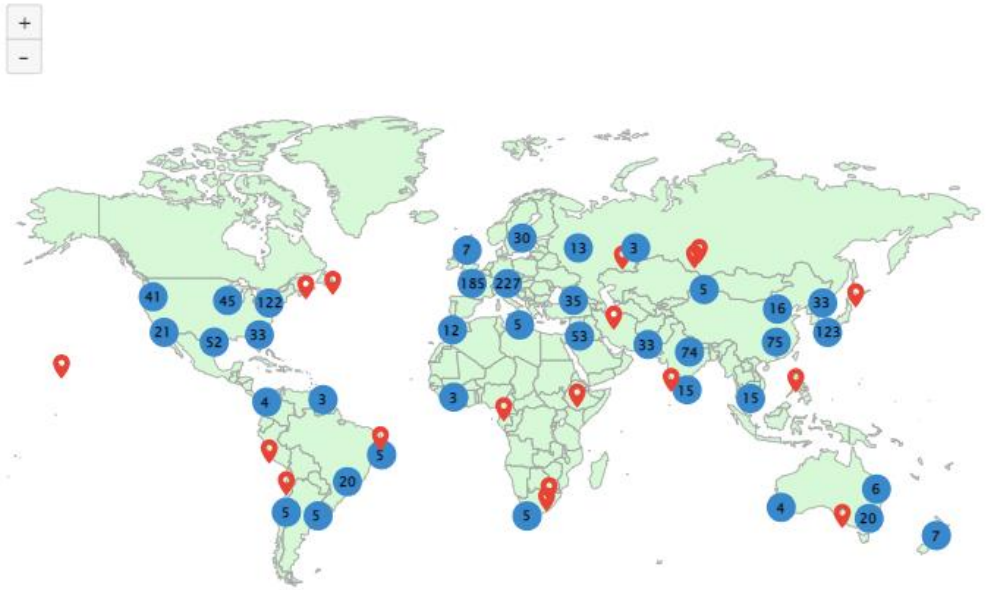
全方位且直观地展现学者个人全球引证分布，揭示作者文章所受全球学者的情况。

地理引证关系图

您可以在下面看到自己的引文在全球范围内的分布。您会在引用您著作的 Web of Science 核心合集中看到每个拥有出版物贡献者的不同机构的数据点。

蓝色圆圈可以单击放大并查看更精确的位置，而红色大头针可以单击以查看从特定城市引用您论文的详细信息。

如果您的引文超过 1,000 条，您的印证关系图可能需要一段时间才能加载完毕。



发表的高被引论文

精炼检索结果

在结果中检索...

Filter by Marked List

快速过滤

高被引论文 7

出版年

2019 4
2018 3

文献类型

论文 7

Web of Science 类别

Economics 4
Environmental Sciences 4
Engineering Environmental 2
Green Sustainable Science Technology 2
Energy Fuels 1

全部查看 >

作者

Lin BQ 7
Gong X 1
Jia ZJ 1

0/7 添加到标记结果列表 导出 排序方式: 相关性 1 / 1

1 Analysis of energy related CO2 emissions in Pakistan
Lin, BQ and Raza, MY
May 10 2019 | JOURNAL OF CLEANER PRODUCTION 219 , pp.981-993
CO2 (carbon dioxide) emissions from fossil fuels have turned out one of the most perilous and complex issues driving the climate change debate. The issue of increasing demand for electricity at the same time reducing CO2 emissions has become important worldwide. This study evaluates the CO2 emissions from the power sector of Pakistan during 1978-2017 using Logarithmic Mean Divisia Index techniq ... 显示更多
出版商处的全文 ***
100 被引频次
88 参考文献
相关记录

2 The role of renewable energy technological innovation on climate change: Empirical evidence from China
Lin, BQ and Zhu, JP
Apr 1 2019 | SCIENCE OF THE TOTAL ENVIRONMENT 659 , pp.1505-1512
To develop renewable energy as well as promote China's transition to a low-carbon economy, the government needs to pay attention to renewable energy technological innovation (RETI). Using China's provincial panel data from 2000 to 2015, and regarding the CO2 emissions as the proxy of climate change, this paper identifies the relationship between RETI and CO2 emissions as well as seeks to confir ... 显示更多
出版商处的全文 ***
113 被引频次
53 参考文献
相关记录

3 What will China's carbon emission trading market affect with only electricity sector involvement? A CGE based study
Lin, BQ and Jia, ZJ
Feb 2019 | ENERGY ECONOMICS 78 , pp.301-311
On December 29, 2017, China's Carbon Trading Scheme (D'S) was officially launched, and it may be the largest emission trading platform in the world. This paper establishes 5 counter-measured scenarios based on the recently launched China's national E'S market and constructs a dynamic recursive Computable General Equilibrium model to study the impact of national ETS on the economy, energy, and e ... 显示更多
出版商处的全文 ***
65 被引频次
61 参考文献
相关记录

4 Research on influencing factors of environmental pollution in China: A spatial econometric analysis
Liu, K and Lin, BQ
Jan 1 2019 | JOURNAL OF CLEANER PRODUCTION 206 , pp.356-364
As the problem of China's environmental pollution is becoming more serious, people have paid more attention to the environmental pollution control. In this paper, we first built a comprehensive environmental pollution index including sulfur dioxide, smoke and dust, wastewater and solid waste emissions to measure the environmental pollution of each province synthetically. The method of space eco ... 显示更多
出版商处的全文 ***
123 被引频次
33 参考文献
相关记录

5 Regional differences on CO2 emission efficiency in metallurgical industry of China
Lin, BQ and Xu, MM
Sep 2018 | ENERGY POLICY 120 , pp.302-311
Analysis of CO2 emission has attracted more attention due to increasing environmental awareness. As a pillar of the national economy, the CO2 emissions of the metallurgical industry continually increased during 2000-2015 and reached around 3208.65 million tons in 2015. Thus, research on the CO2 emission performance of the metallurgical industry is significant for achieving binding emission redu ... 显示更多
出版商处的全文 ***
78 被引频次
42 参考文献
相关记录

6 The incremental information content of investor fear gauge for volatility forecasting in the crude oil futures market
Gong, X and Lin, BQ
Aug 2018 | ENERGY ECONOMICS 74 , pp.370-386
This paper aims to investigate whether investor fear gauge (IFG) contains incremental information content for forecasting the volatility of crude oil futures. For this purpose, we use oil volatility index (OVX) to measure the IFG. Adding the IFG to existing heterogeneous autoregressive (HAR) models, we develop many HAR models with IFG. Subsequently, we employ these HAR models to predict the vol ... 显示更多
出版商处的全文 ***
93 被引频次
66 参考文献
相关记录

7 What factors lead to the decline of energy intensity in China's energy intensive industries?
Tan, RP and Lin, BQ
Mar 2018 | ENERGY ECONOMICS 71 , pp.213-221
92 被引频次
40

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如何在文献检索中尽可能保证查准查全？

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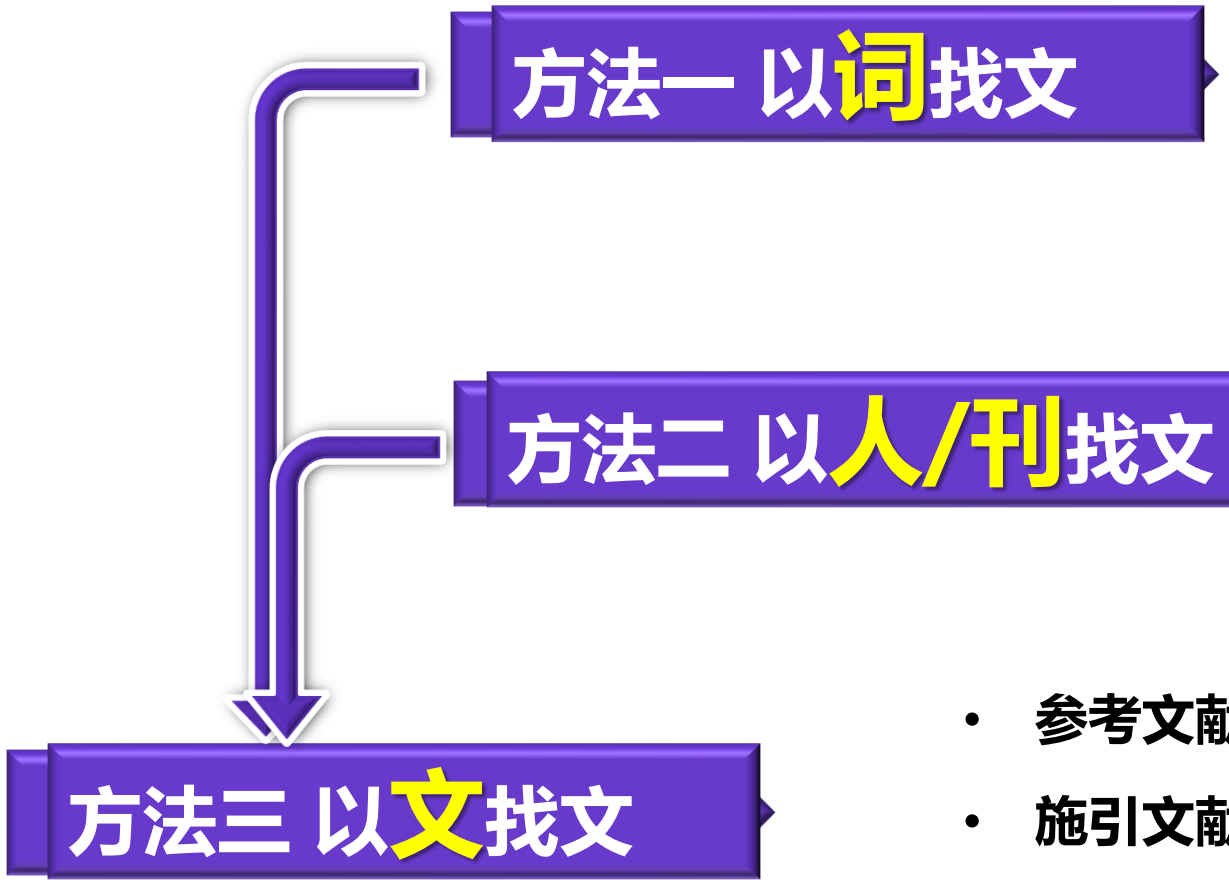


- 确定关键词
- 有效组合关键词
- 巧用通配符

- 人：作者
- 刊：出版物名称

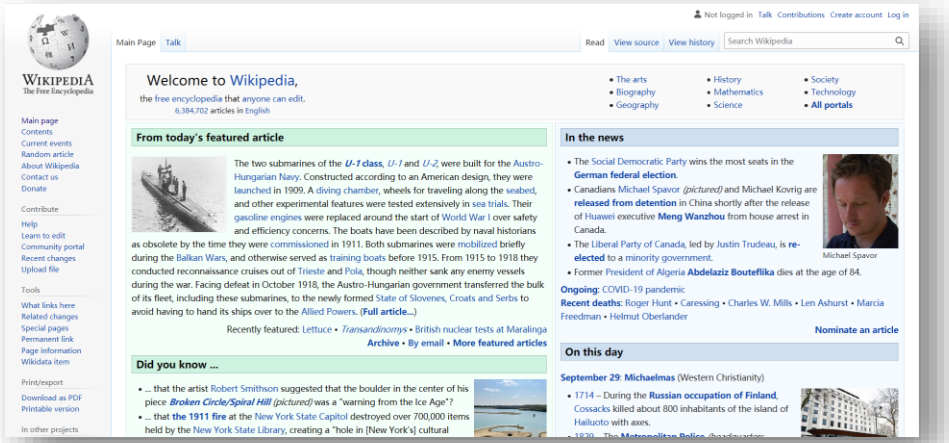
- 参考文献
- 施引文献
- 相关记录

- 被引参考文献检索

方法一：以词找文 ☛ 确定关键词

专业词汇
词典/手册

术语名词
网站



方法一：以词找文 ☛ 确定关键词

已有的文献信息

石墨烯的制备、功能化及在化学中的应用

胡耀娟　金　娟　张　弁　吴　萍　蔡称心*

(南京师范大学化学与环境科学学院, 江苏省生物功能材料重点实验室, 电化学实验室, 南京　210097)

摘要：　石墨烯是最近发现的一种具有二维平面结构的碳纳米材料, 它的特殊单原子层结构使其具有许多独特的物理化学性质. 有关石墨烯的基础和应用研究已成为当前的前沿和热点课题之一. 本文仅就目前石墨烯的制备方法、功能化方法以及在化学领域中的应用作一综述, 重点阐述石墨烯应用于化学修饰电极、化学电源、催化剂和药物载体以及气体传感器等方面的研究进展, 并对石墨烯在相关领域的应用前景作了展望.

关键词：　石墨烯;　碳材料;　石墨烯氧化物;　石墨烯功能化;　石墨烯应用

中图分类号：　O646

Graphene: Synthesis, Functionalization and Applications in Chemistry

1 制备 — synthesis

Abstract:　Graphene, a recently discovered carbon nanomaterial with carbon atoms tightly packed into a two dimensional honeycomb lattice, possesses many novel and unique physical and chemical properties because of its unusual monolayer atomic structure. Graphene has received a great deal of attention in fundamental and applied research. This review presents the current status of graphene synthesis, functionalization, and applications in chemistry. Specifically, the use of graphene for the fabrication of chemically modified electrodes, the preparation of chemical power sources, catalyst and medicinal matrices, and in gas sensors are summarized. Finally, further applications based on graphene are briefly introduced.

Key Words:　Graphene;　Carbon material;　Graphene oxide;　Functionalization of graphene;　Application of graphene

多篇文献综合！

石墨烯的制备与表征

Preparation and Characterization of Graphene

2 制备 — preparation

金属衬底上石墨烯生长机理研究进展

Progress in studies of graphene growth mechanism on transition-metal surfaces

3 生长 — growth

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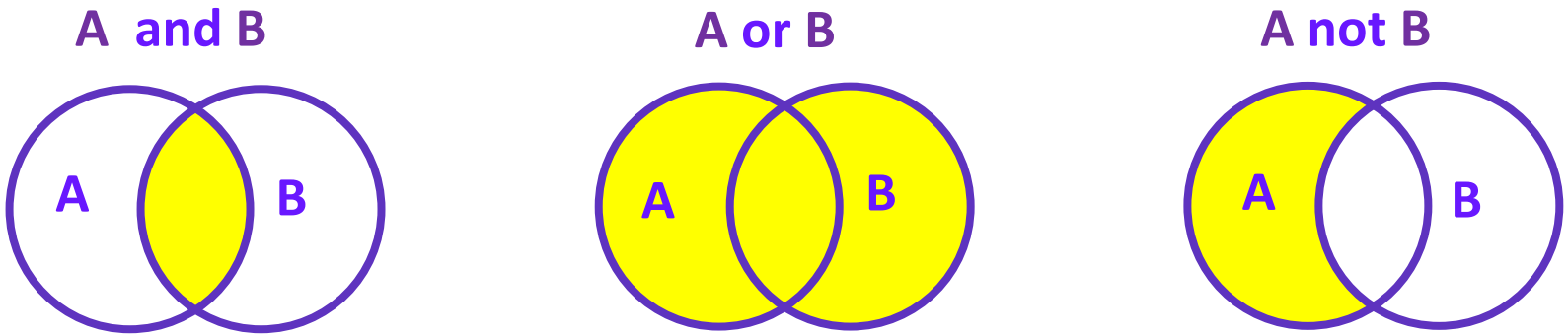
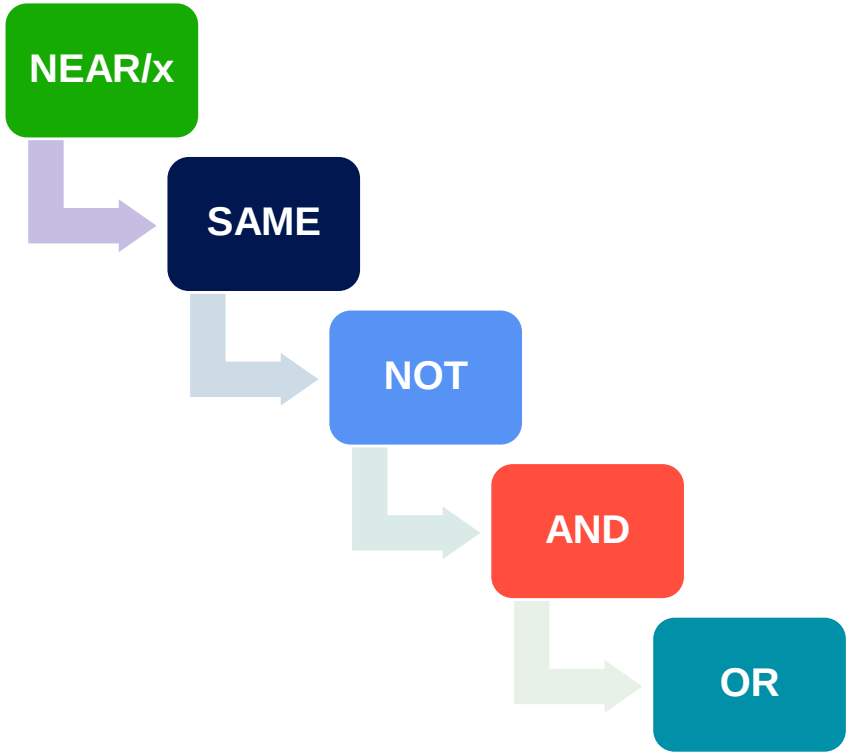
方法一：以词找文 ☛ 巧用运算符/通配符



运算符（英文）	检索结果	检索式	作用
" "	moral risk	"moral risk"	精确检索短语
*	gene, genetics, generation等	gene*	代表≥0个字符
?	women,woman等	wom?n	代表1个字符
$	color,colour等	colo$r	代表0或1个字符

方法一：以词找文 ☛ 巧用运算符/通配符

1. 如果在检索式中使用不同的运算符，会根据下面的优先顺序处理检索式：



2. 使用括号可以改写运算符优先级。

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以诺贝尔奖得主为例

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Laureate

曼彻斯特大学　安德烈·海姆

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Born: 21 October 1958, Sochi, Russia

Field: Condensed matter physics Material physics

Konstantin Novoselov

Laureate

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Field: Condensed matter physics Material physics

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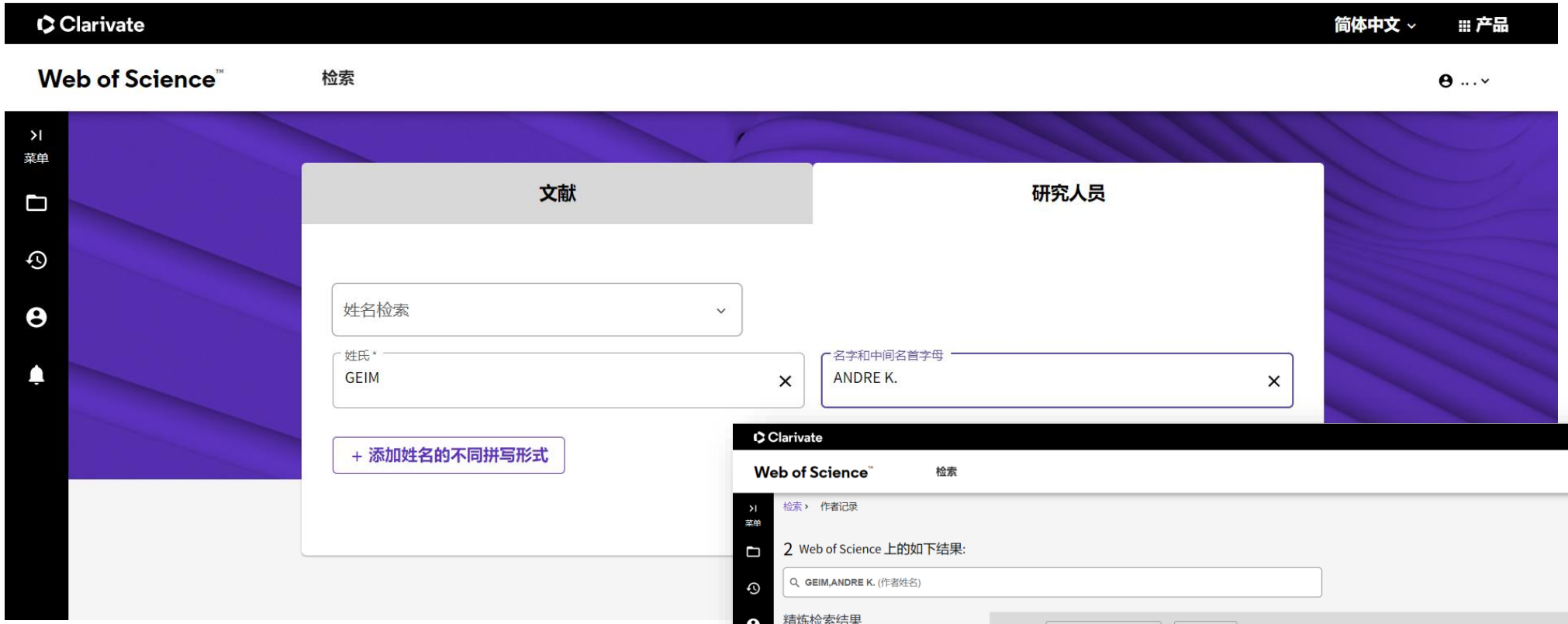

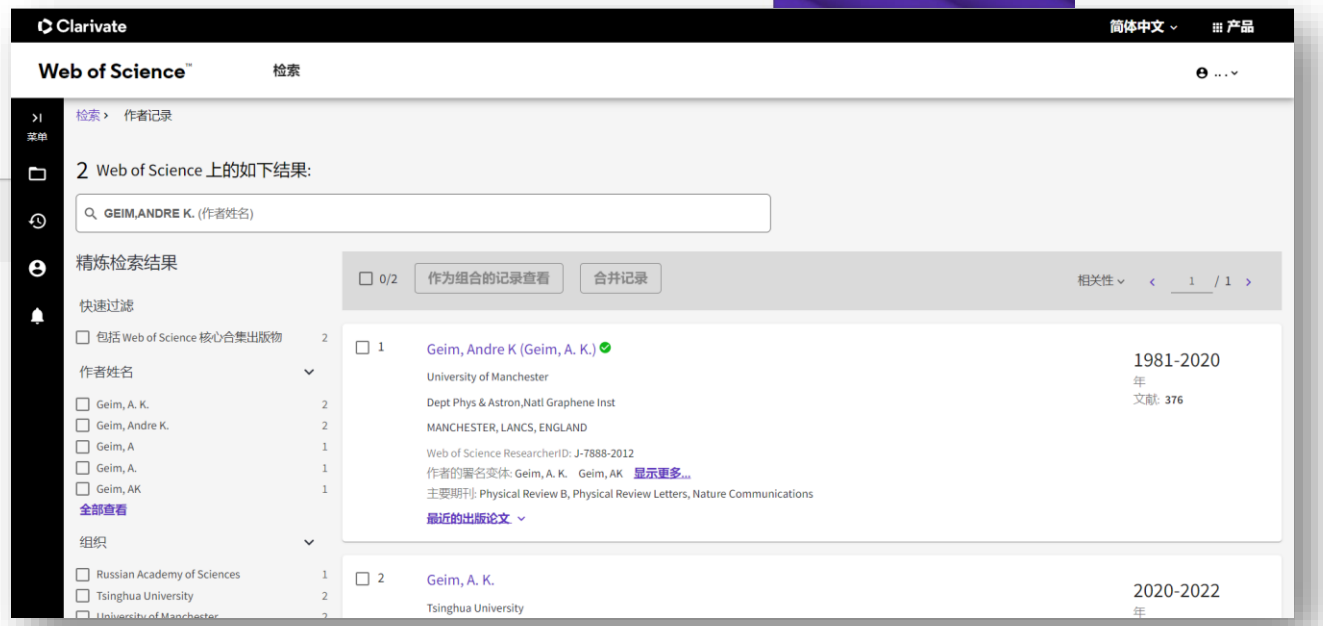

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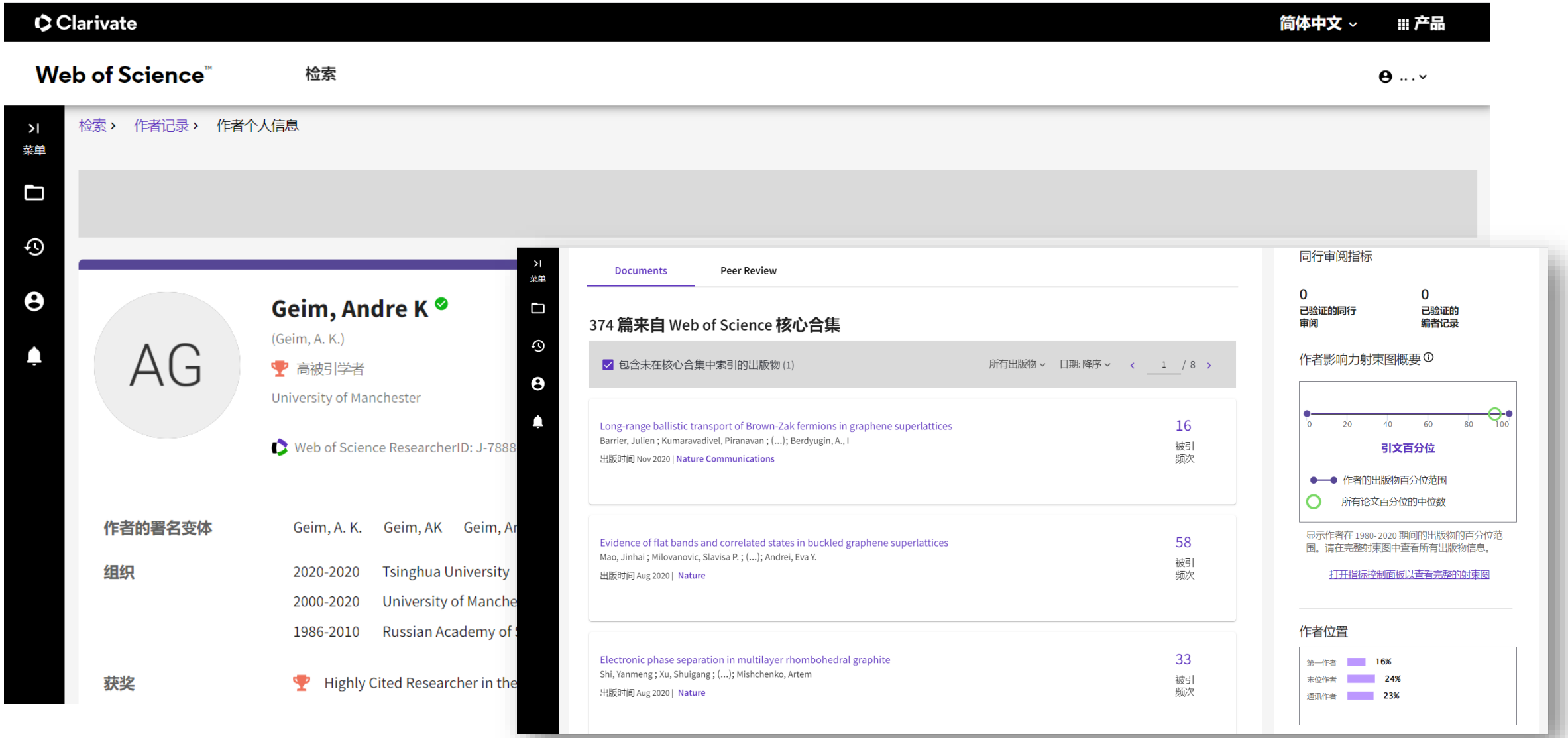

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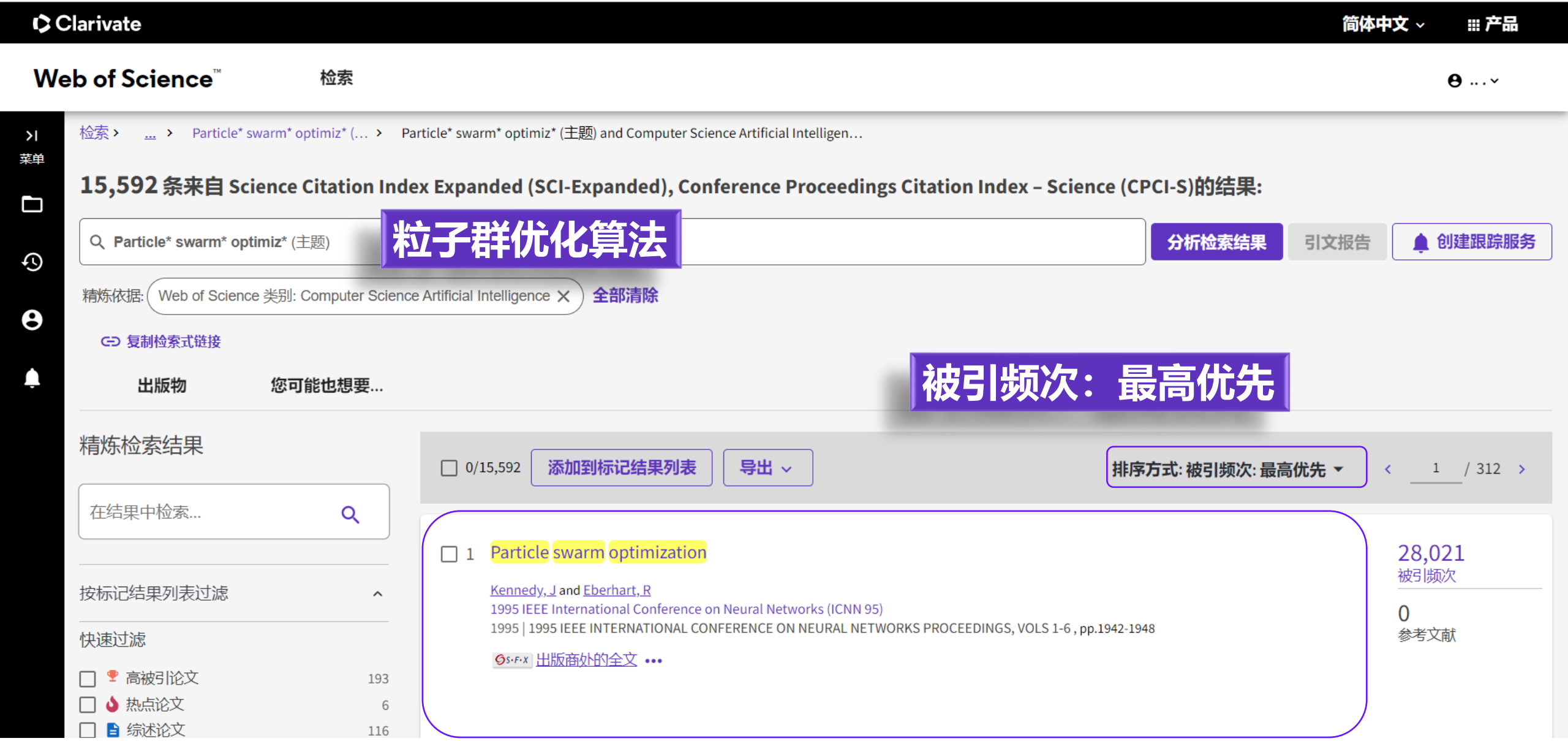

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作者: Kennedy, J (Kennedy, J) ; Eberhart, R (Eberhart, R)
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1995 IEEE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON NEURAL NETWORKS PROCEEDINGS, VOLS 1-6
页: 1942-1948
DOI: 10.1109/icnn.1995.488968
出版时间: 1995
已索引: 1995-01-01
文献类型: Proceedings Paper

Kennedy 和Eberhart 通过研究鸟群和鱼群的捕食行为于1995年提出,开山之作

会议

会议: 1995 IEEE International Conference on Neural Networks (ICNN 95)
地点: UNIV W AUSTRAIA, PERTH, AUSTRALIA
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作者: Clerc, M (Clerc, M) ; Kennedy, J (Kennedy, J)

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文献号: PII S 10890778X(02)02209-9
DOI: 10.1109/4235.985692
出版时间: FEB 2002
已索引: 2002-02-01
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The particle swarm is an algorithm for finding optimal regions of complex search spaces through the interaction of individuals in a population of particles. Even though the algorithm, which is based on a metaphor of social interaction, has been shown to perform well, researchers have not adequately explained how it works. Further, traditional versions of the algorithm have had some undesirable dynamical properties, notably the particles' velocities needed to be limited in order to control their trajectories. The present paper analyzes a particle's trajectory as it moves in discrete time (the algebraic view), then progresses to the view of it in continuous time (the analytical view). A five-dimensional depiction is developed, which describes the system completely. These analyses lead to a generalized model of the algorithm, containing a set of coefficients to control the system's convergence tendencies. Some results of the particle swarm optimizer, implementing modifications derived from the analysis, suggest methods for altering the original algorithm in ways that eliminate problems and increase the ability of the particle swarm to find optima of some well-studied test functions.

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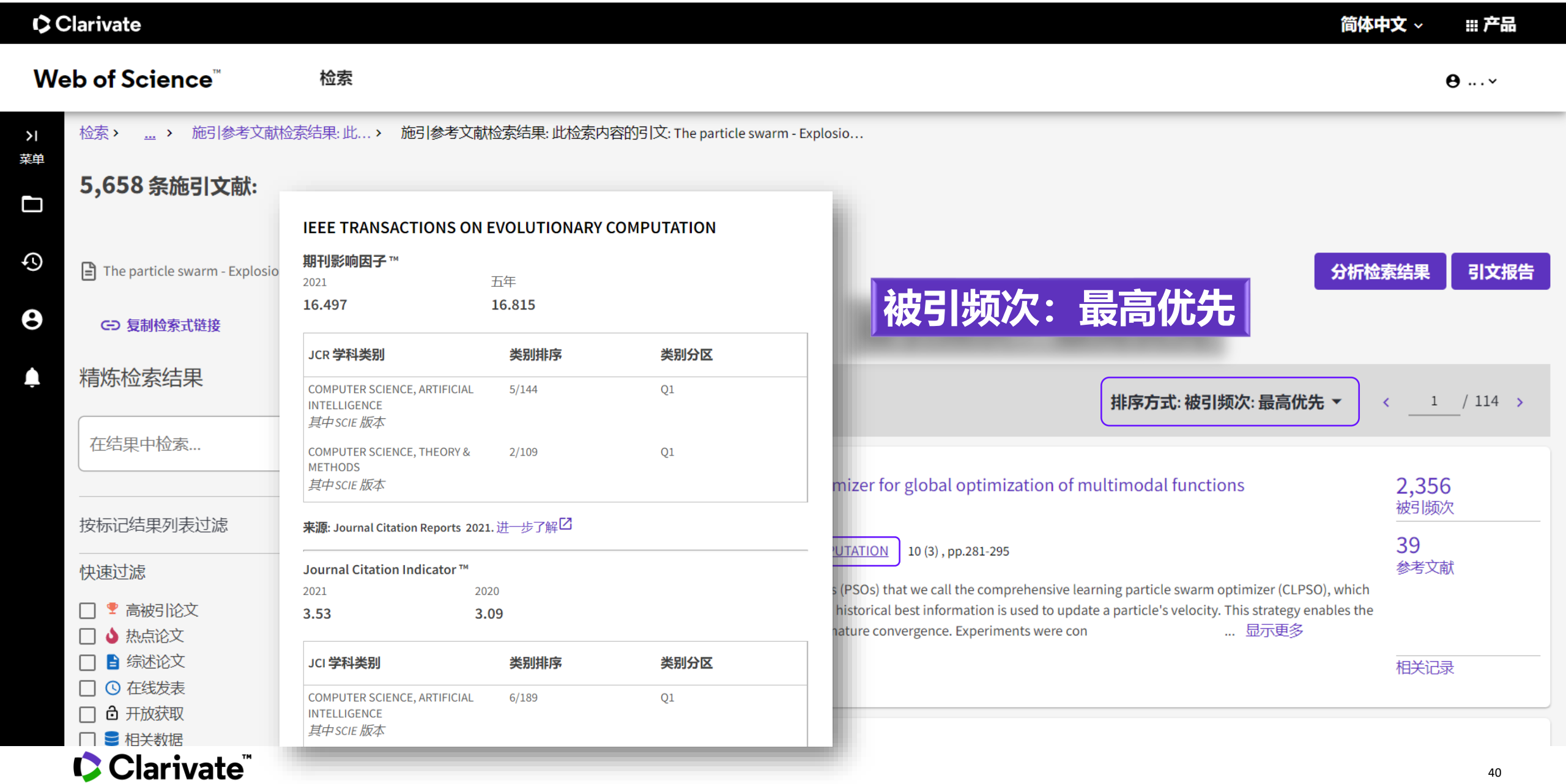

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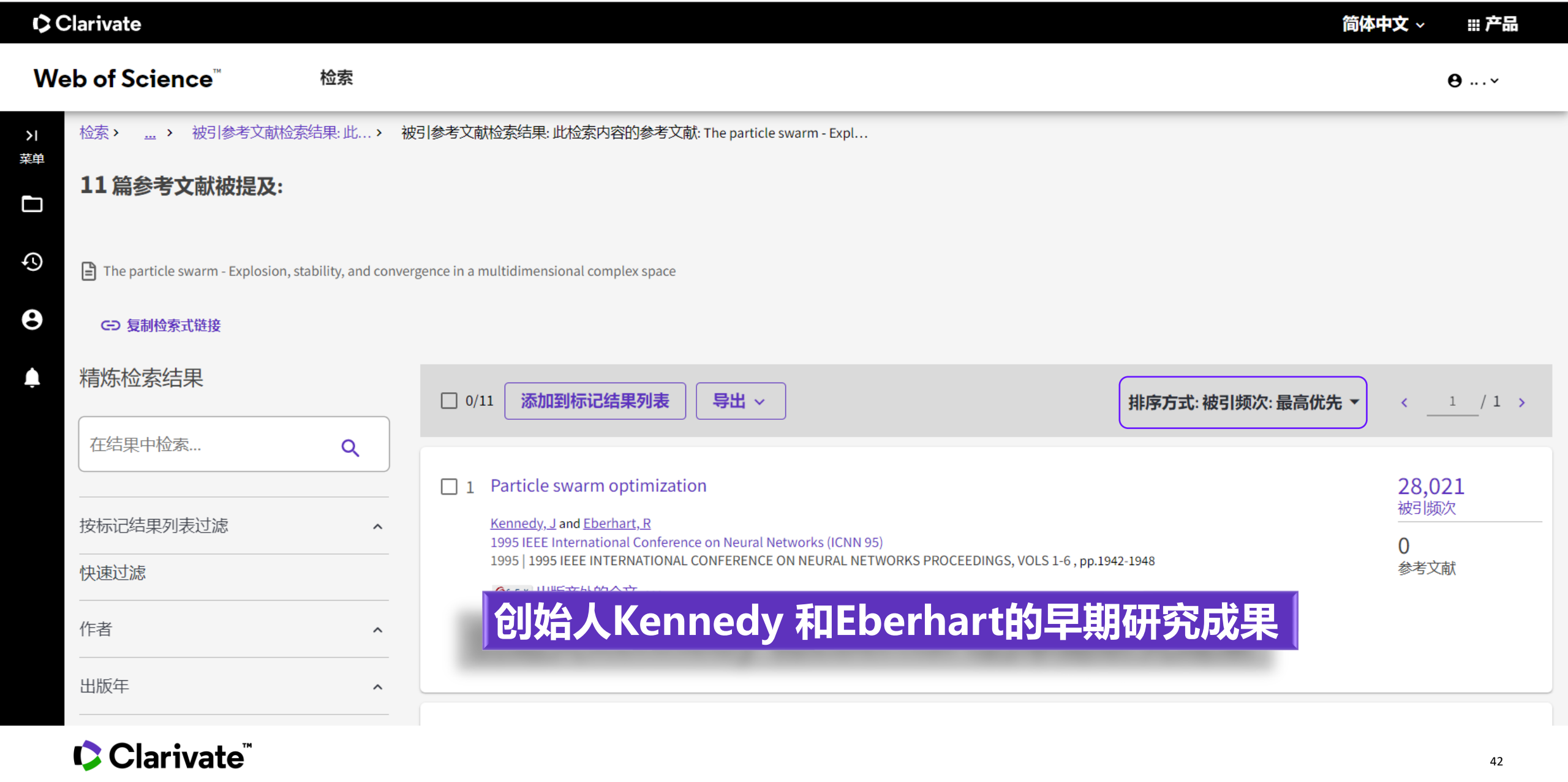

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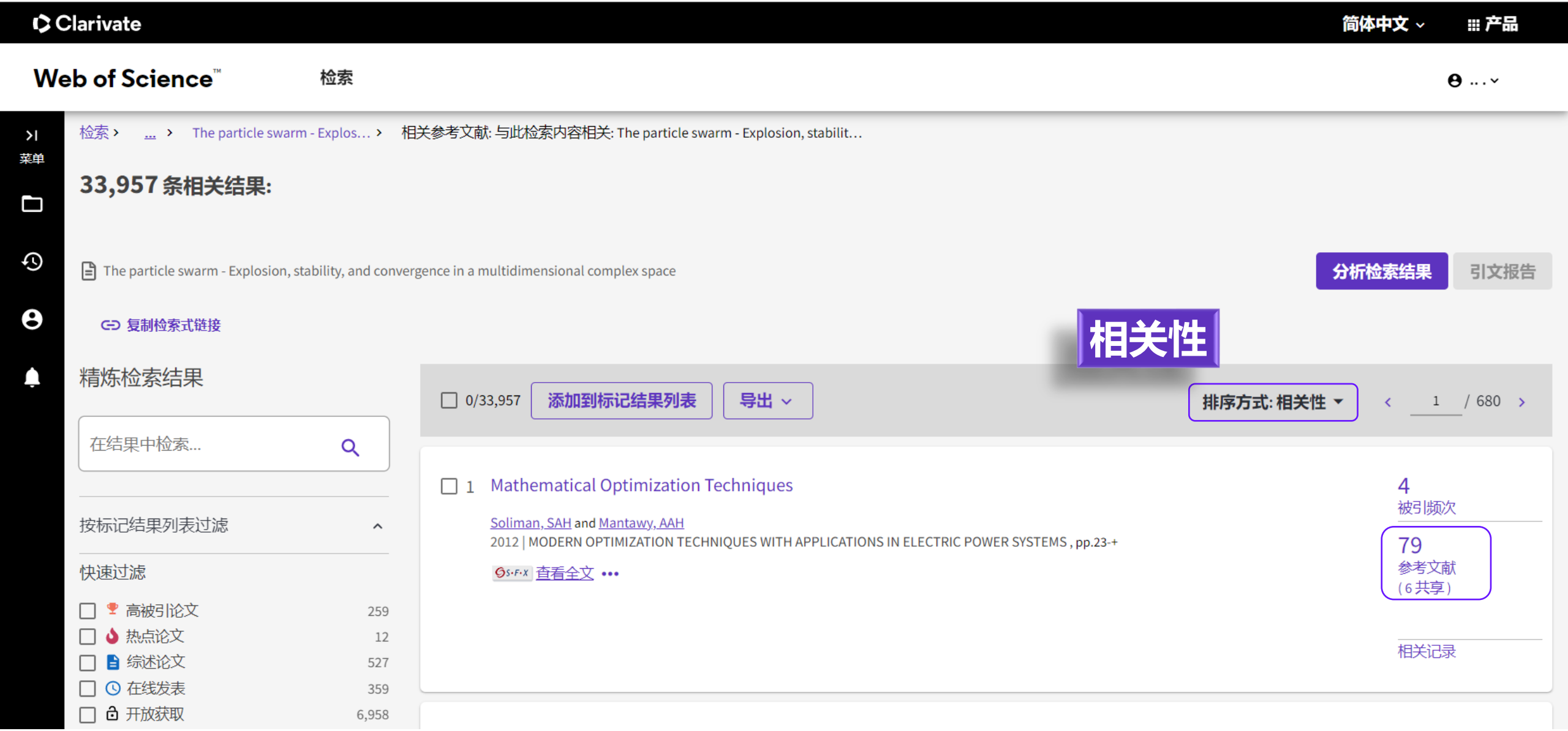

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Rashedi, E; Nezamabadi-Pour, H and Saryazdi, S

Jun 13 2009 | INFORMATION SCIENCES 179 (13) , pp.2232-2248

In recent years, various heuristic optimization methods have been developed. Many of these methods are inspired by swarm behaviors in nature. in this paper, a new optimization algorithm based on the law of gravity and mass interactions is introduced. In the proposed algorithm, the searcher agents are a collection of masses which interact with each other based on the Newtonian gravity and the la ... 显示更多

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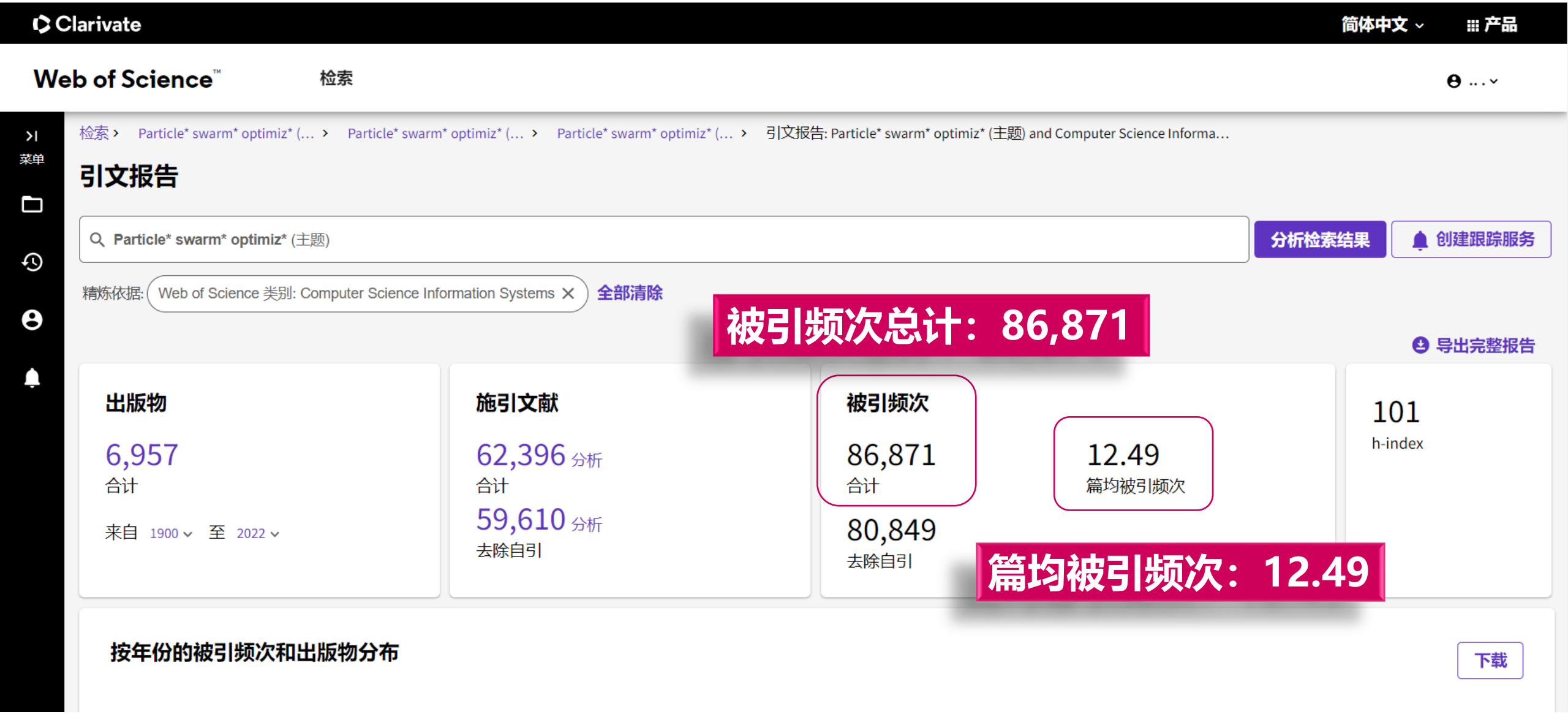

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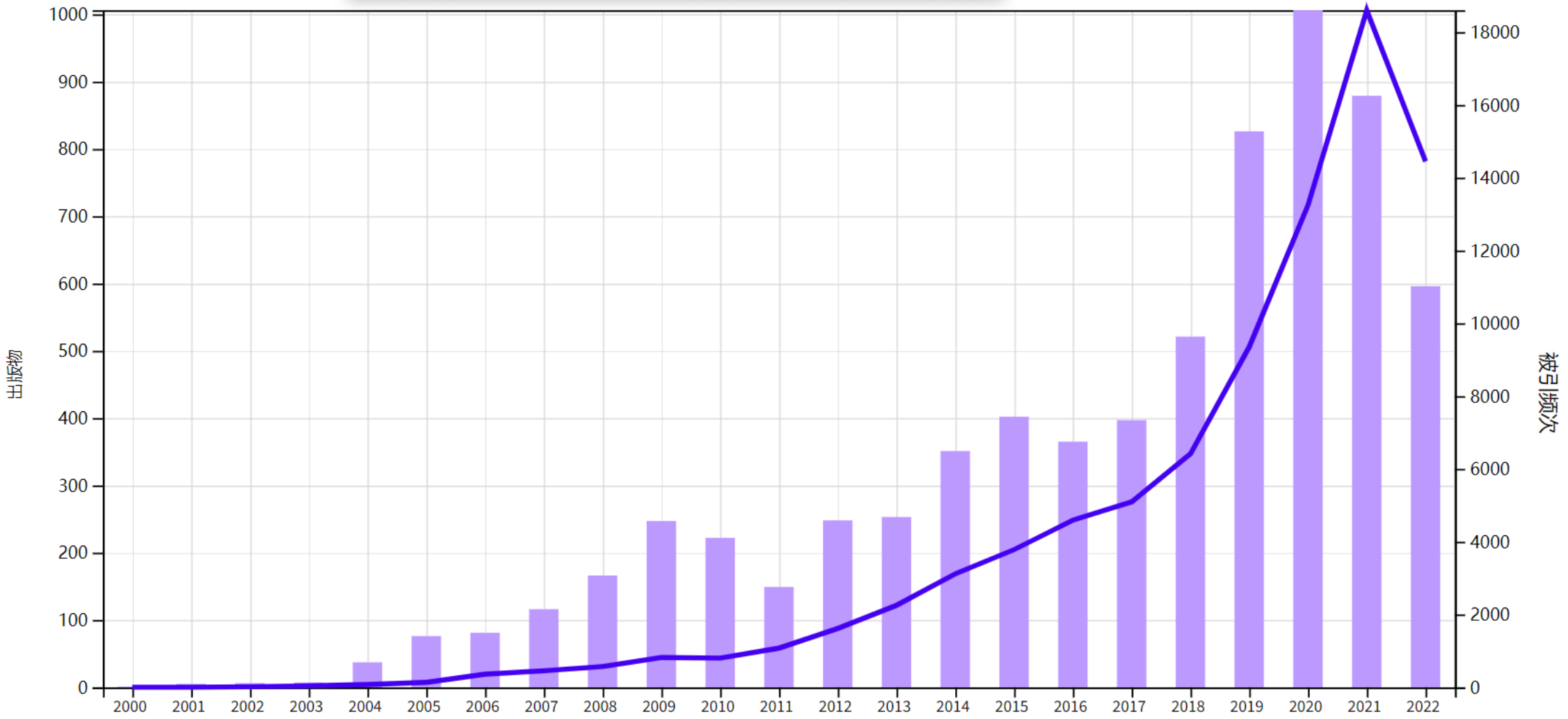

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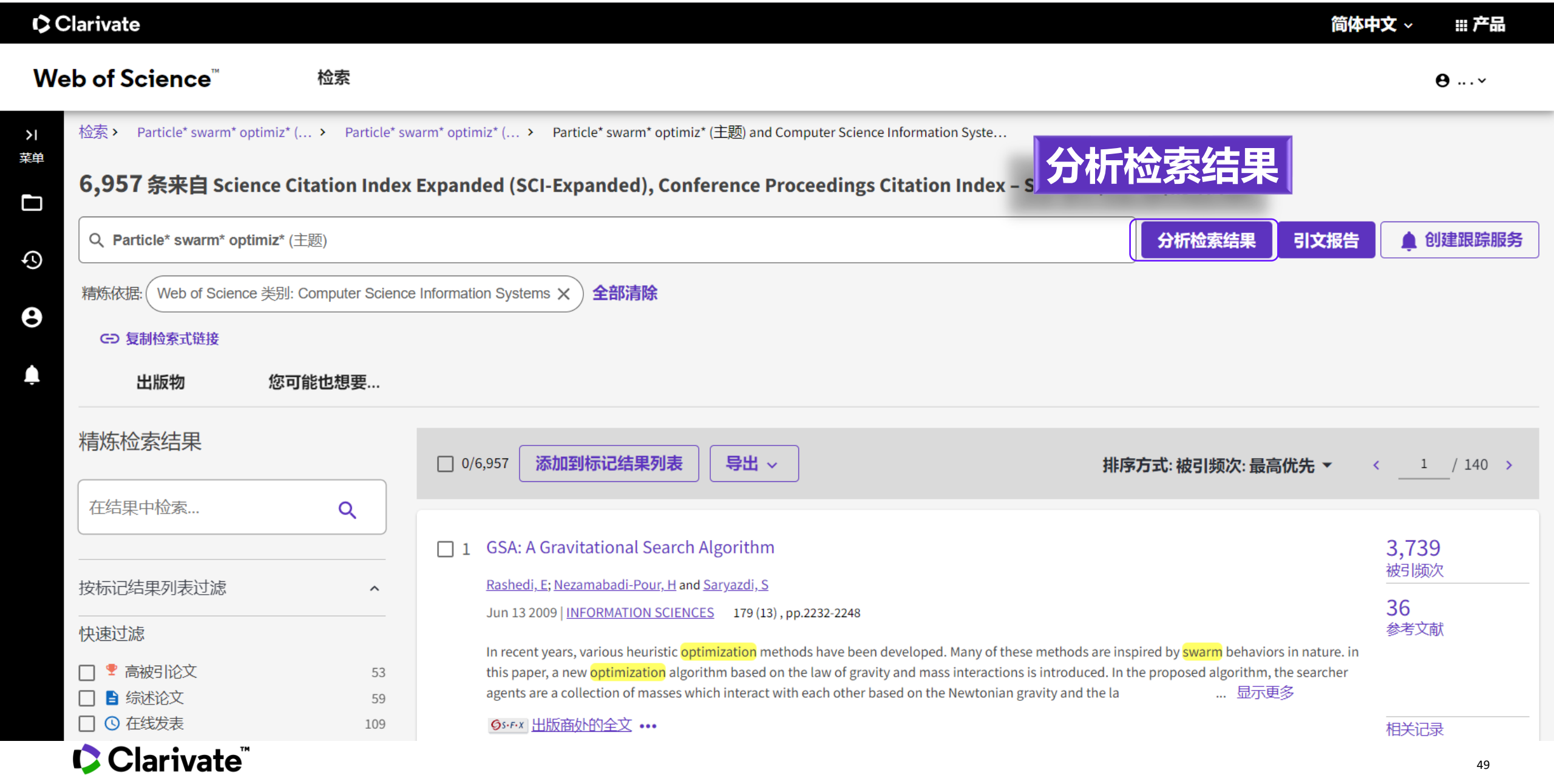

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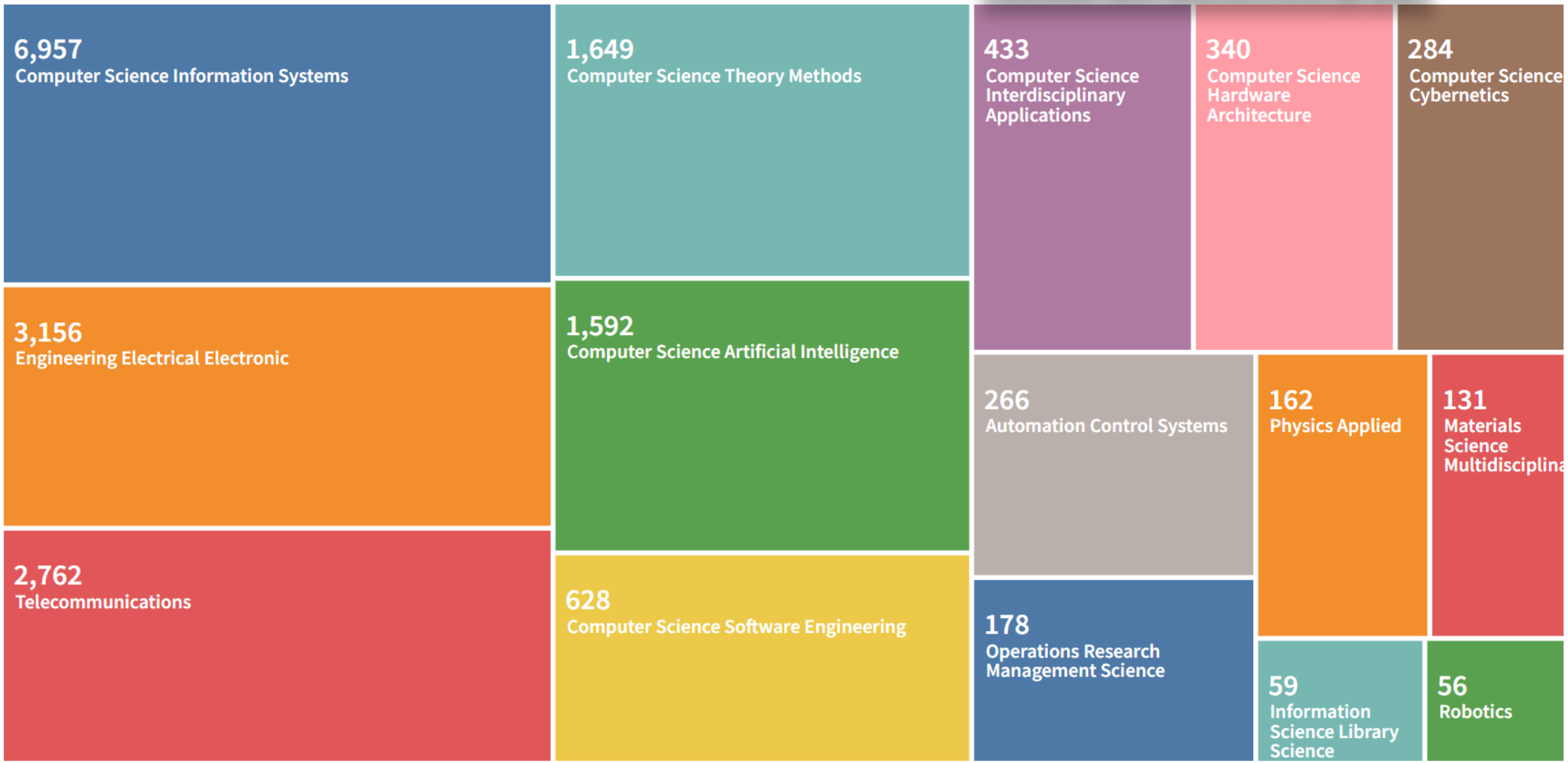

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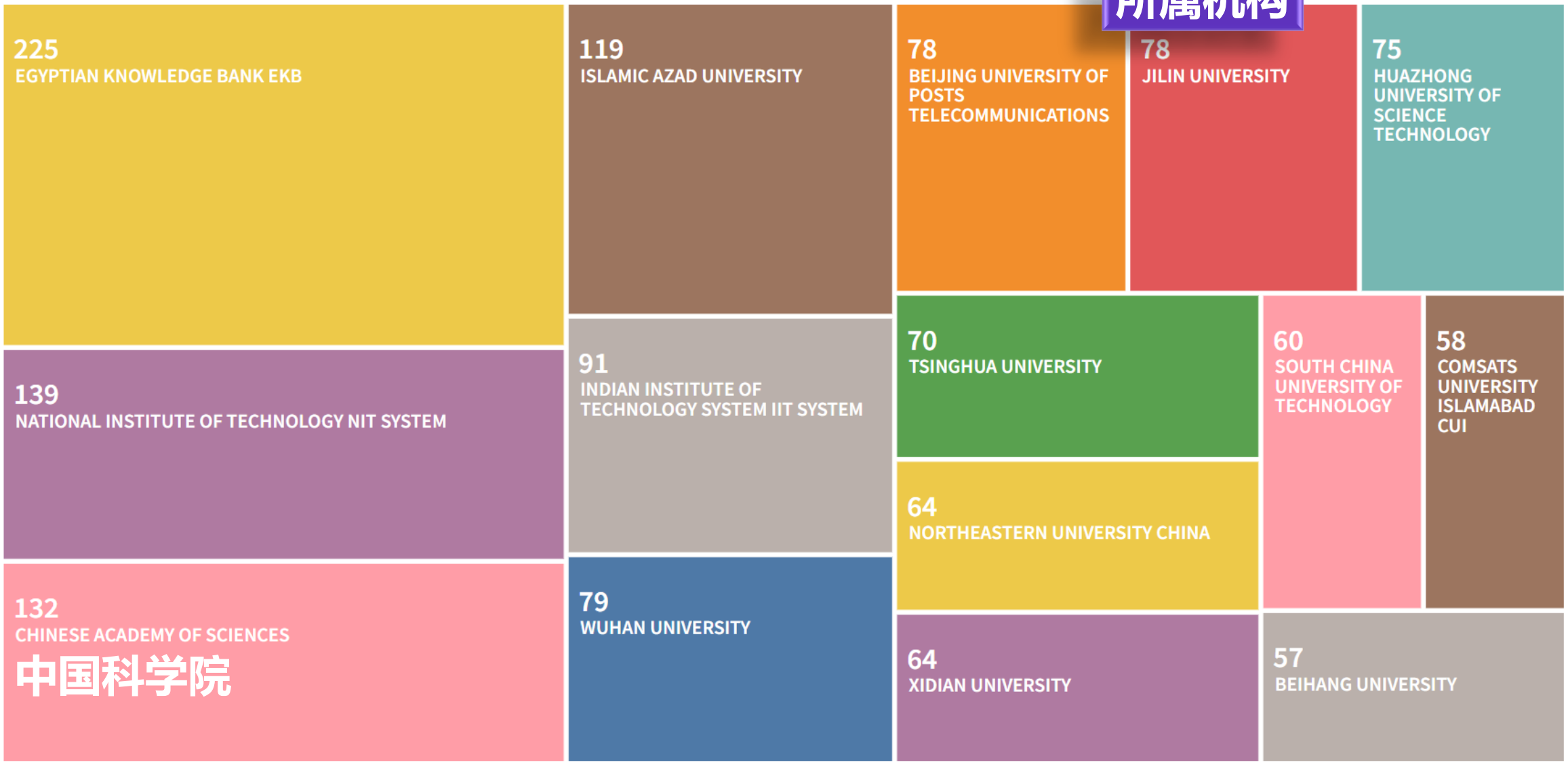

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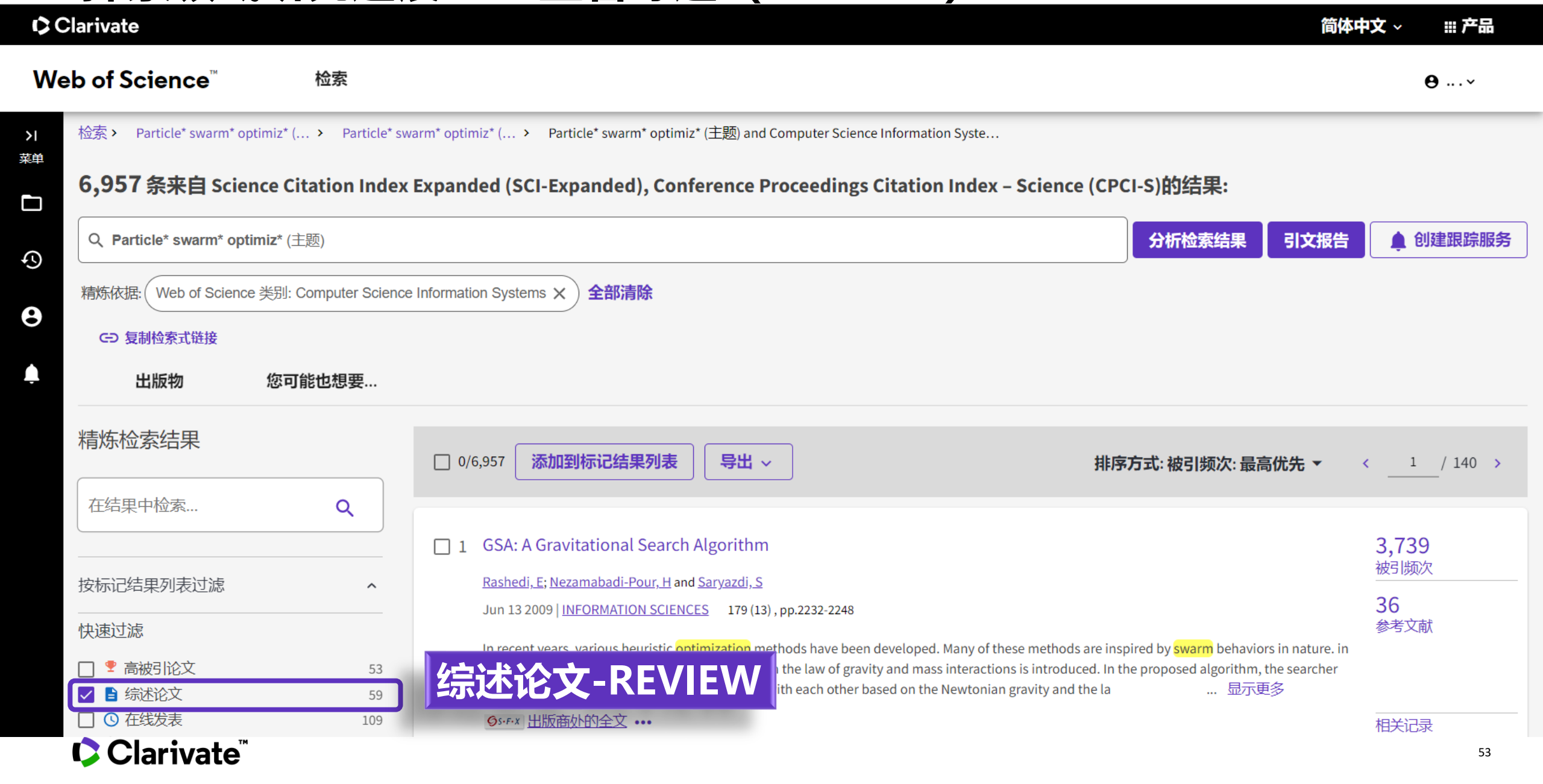

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Kumari, N; Yadav, A and Jana, PK

Sep 4 2022 | COMPUTER NETWORKS 214

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Qadir, Z; Ullah, F; (...); Al-Turjman, F

Feb 15 2021 | Jan 2021 (在线发表) | COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS 168 , pp.114-135

UAVs are increasingly incorporated in a wide range of domains such as disaster management and rescue missions. UAV path planning deals with finding the most optimal or shortest path for UAVs such that minimum energy and resources are utilized. This paper examines the path planning algorithms for UAVs through a literature survey conducted on 139 systematically retrieved articles published in the ... 显示更多

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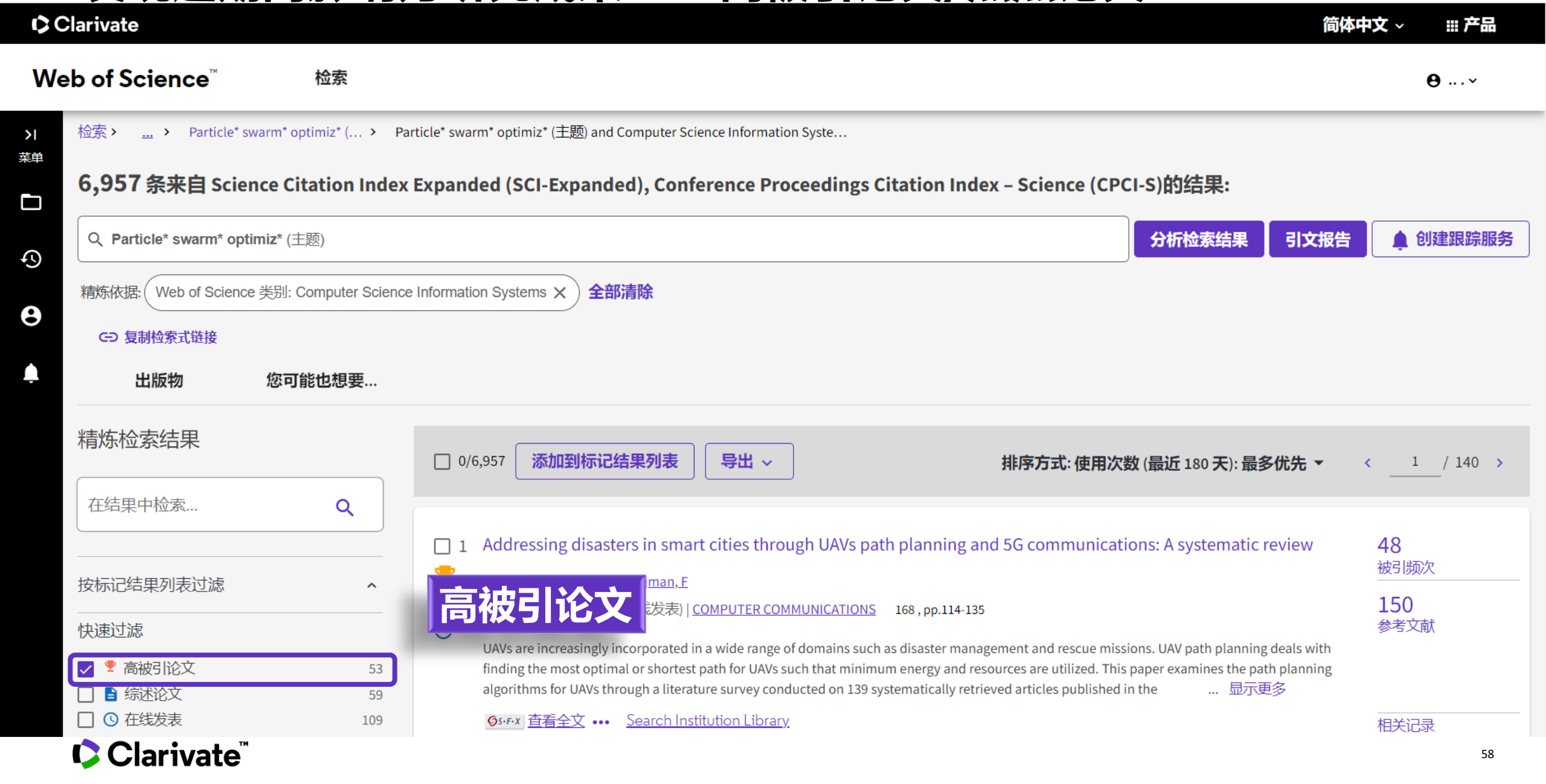

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UAVs are increasingly incorporated in a wide range of domains such as disaster management and rescue missions. UAV path planning deals with finding the most optimal or shortest path for UAVs such that minimum energy and resources are utilized. This paper examines the path planning algorithms for UAVs through a literature survey conducted on 139 systematically retrieved articles published in the ... 显示更多

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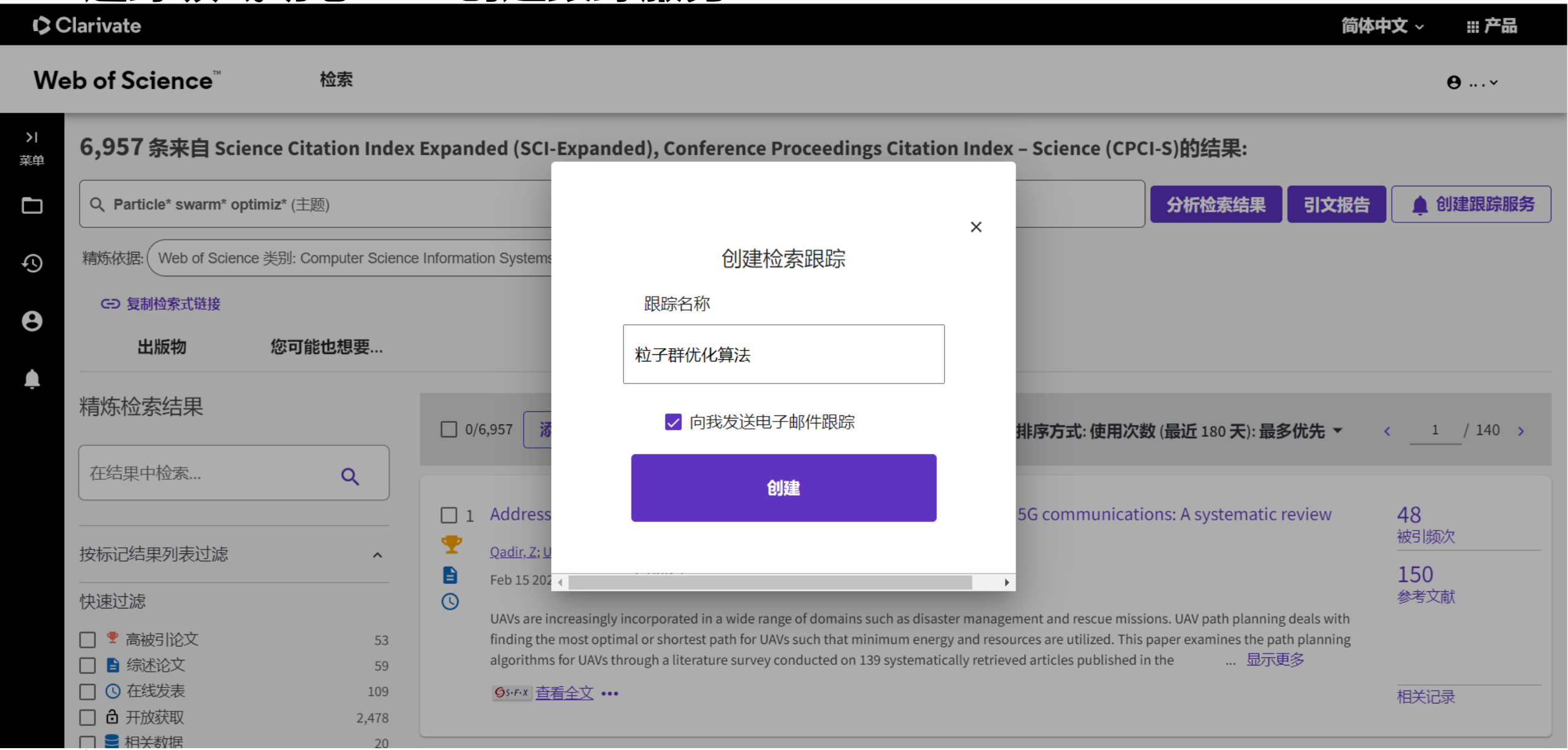

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GSA: A Gravitational Search Algorithm

作者: Rashedi, E (Rashedi, Esmat) [1] ; Nezamabadi-Pour, H (Nezamabadi-Pour, Hossein) [1] ; Saryazdi, S (Saryazdi, Saeid) [1]

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卷: 179 期: 13 页: 2232-2248
DOI: 10.1016/j.ins.2009.03.004
出版时间: JUN 13 2009
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摘要

In recent years, various heuristic optimization methods have been developed. Many of these methods are inspired by swarm behaviors in nature. in this paper, a new optimization algorithm based on the law of gravity and mass interactions is introduced. In the proposed algorithm, the searcher agents are a collection of masses which interact with each other based on the Newtonian gravity and the laws of motion. The proposed method has been compared with some well-known heuristic search methods. The obtained results confirm the high performance of the proposed method in solving various nonlinear functions. (C) 2009 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

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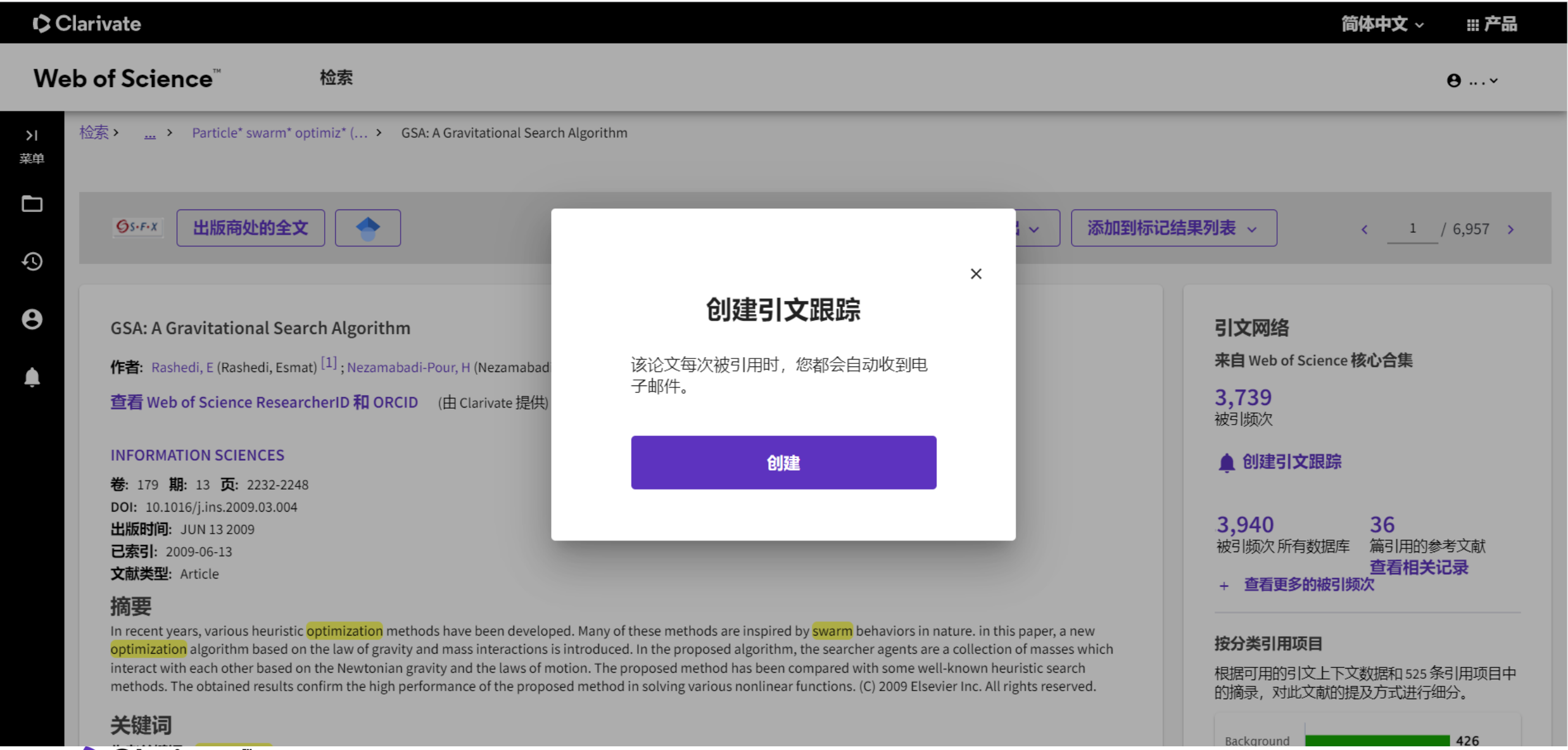

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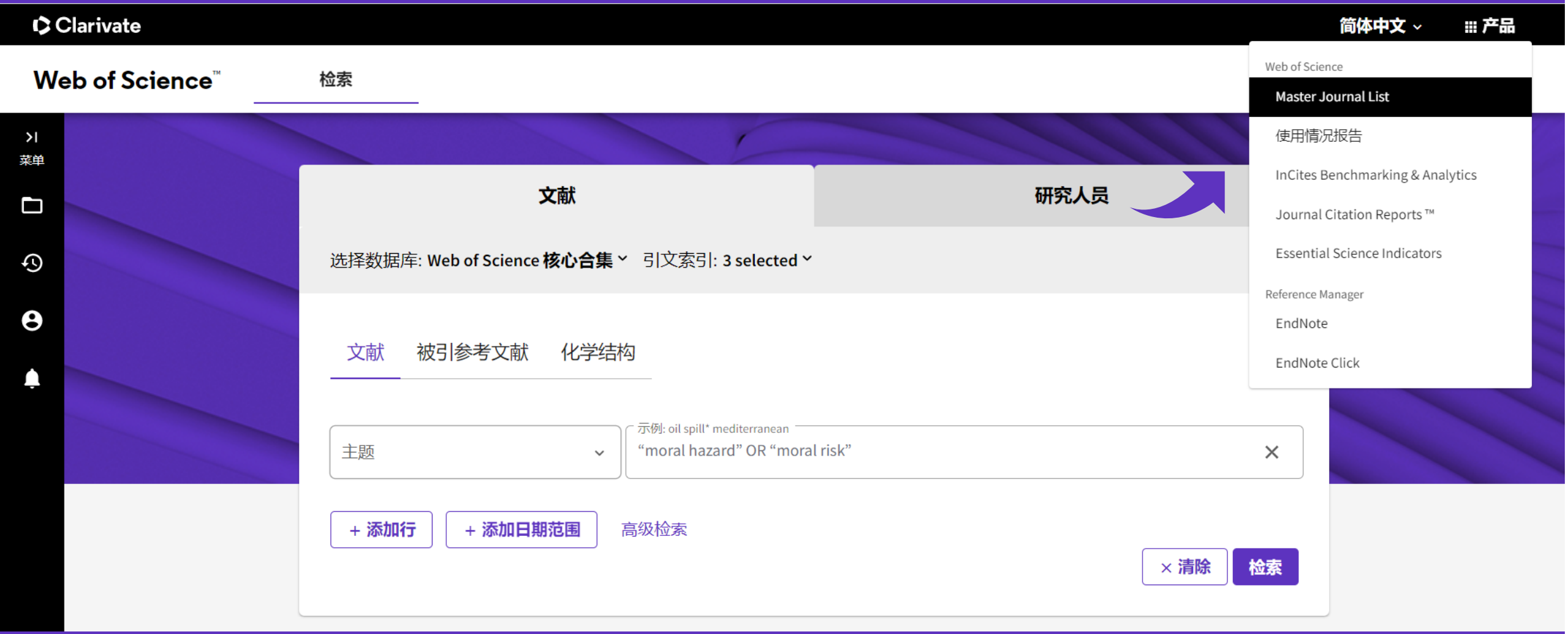

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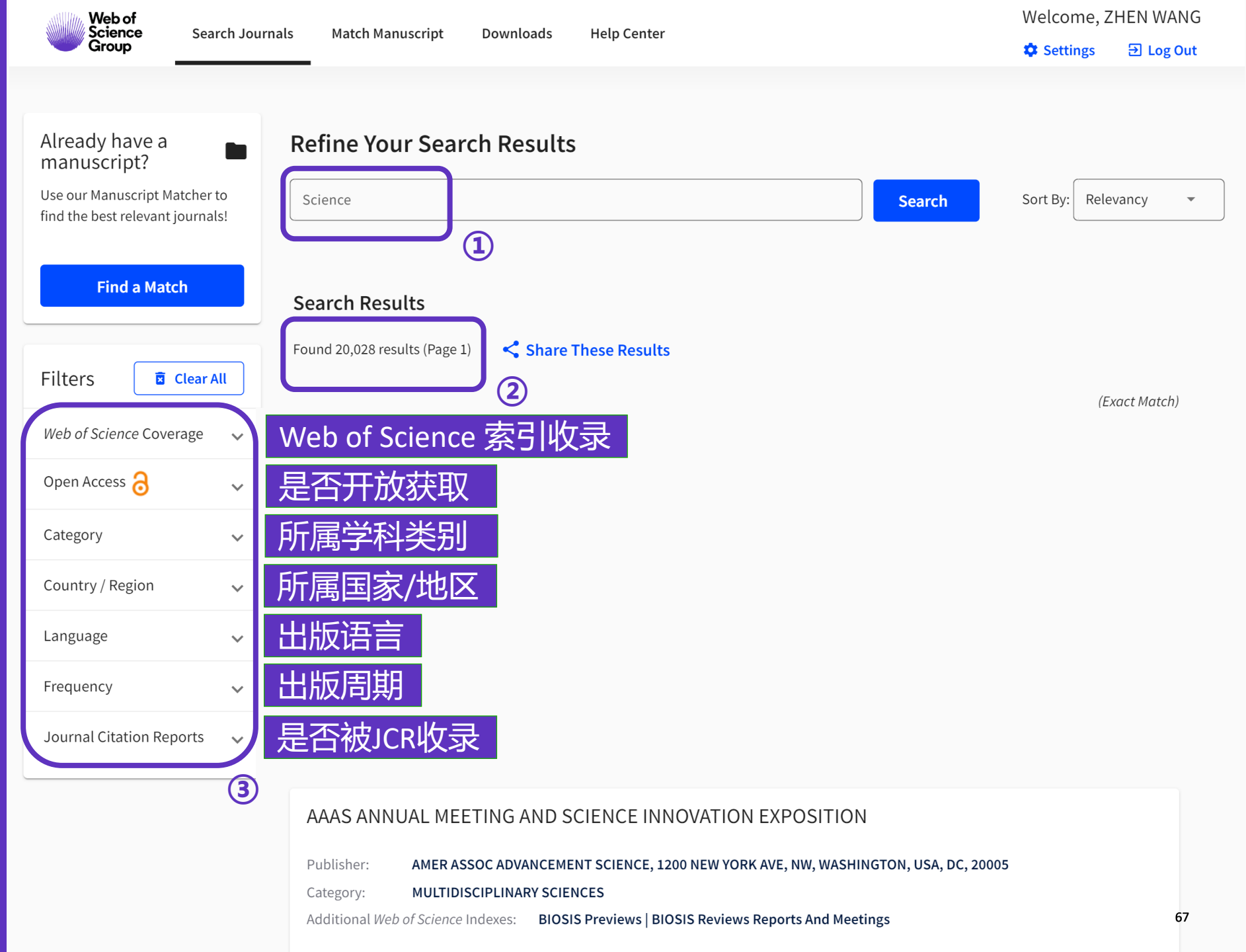
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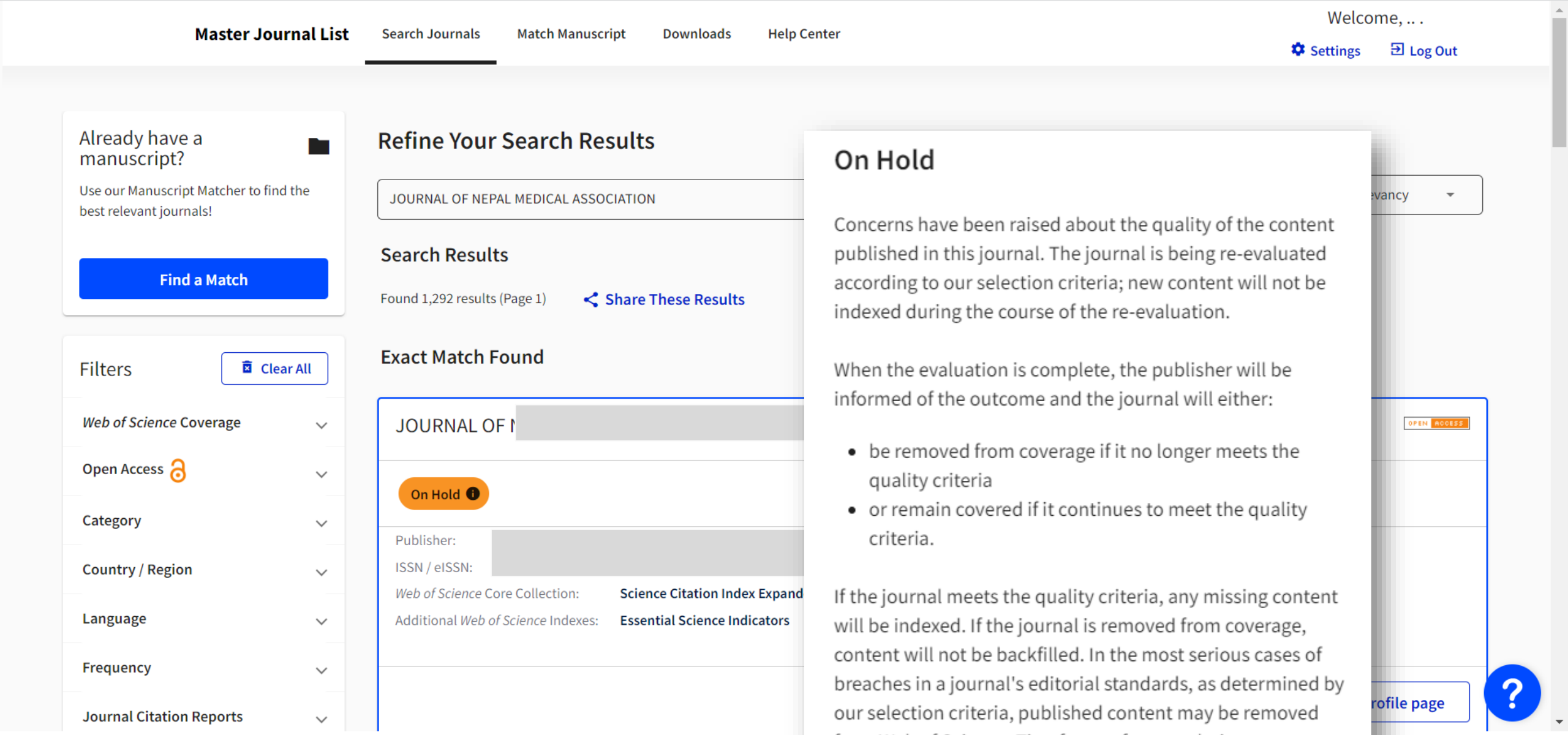
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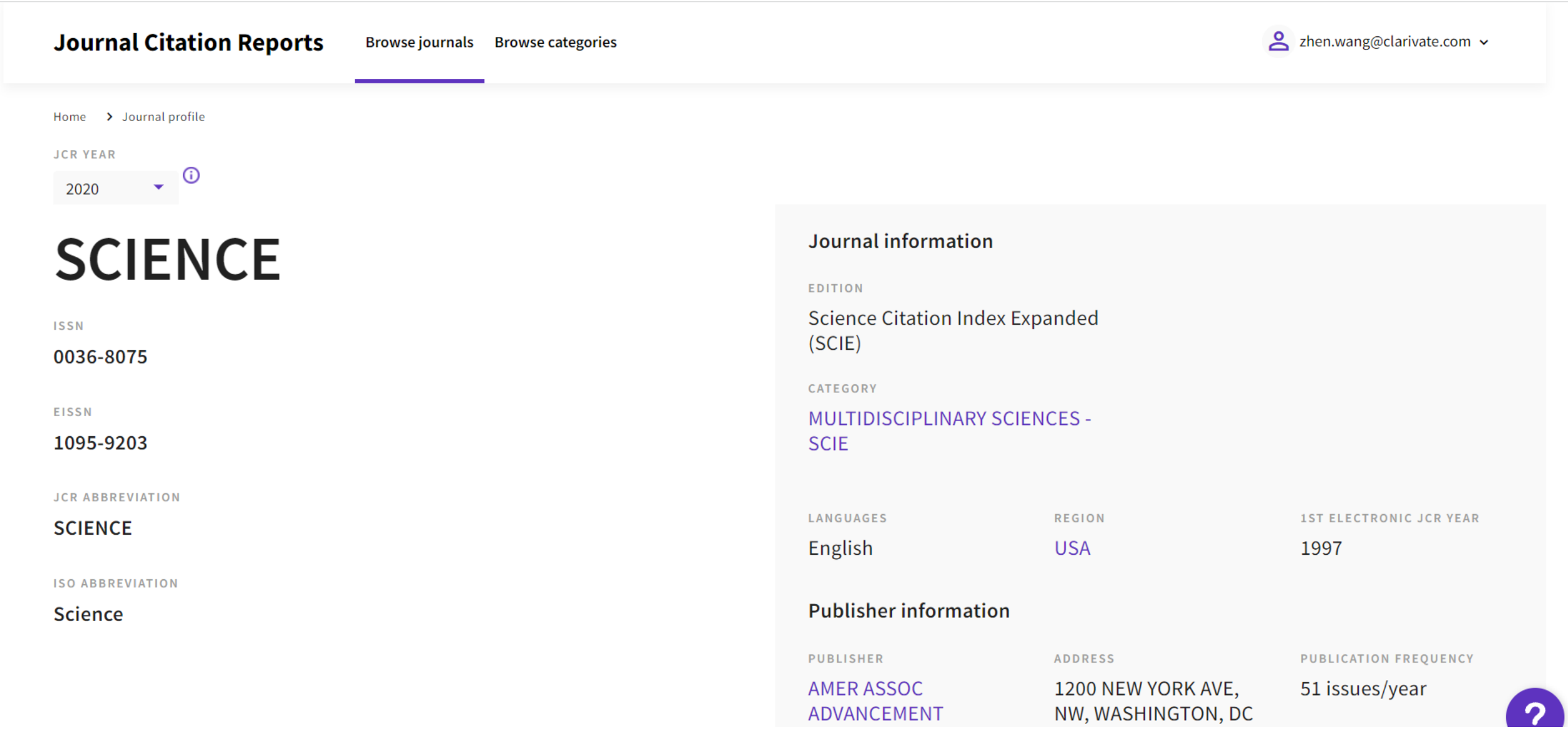

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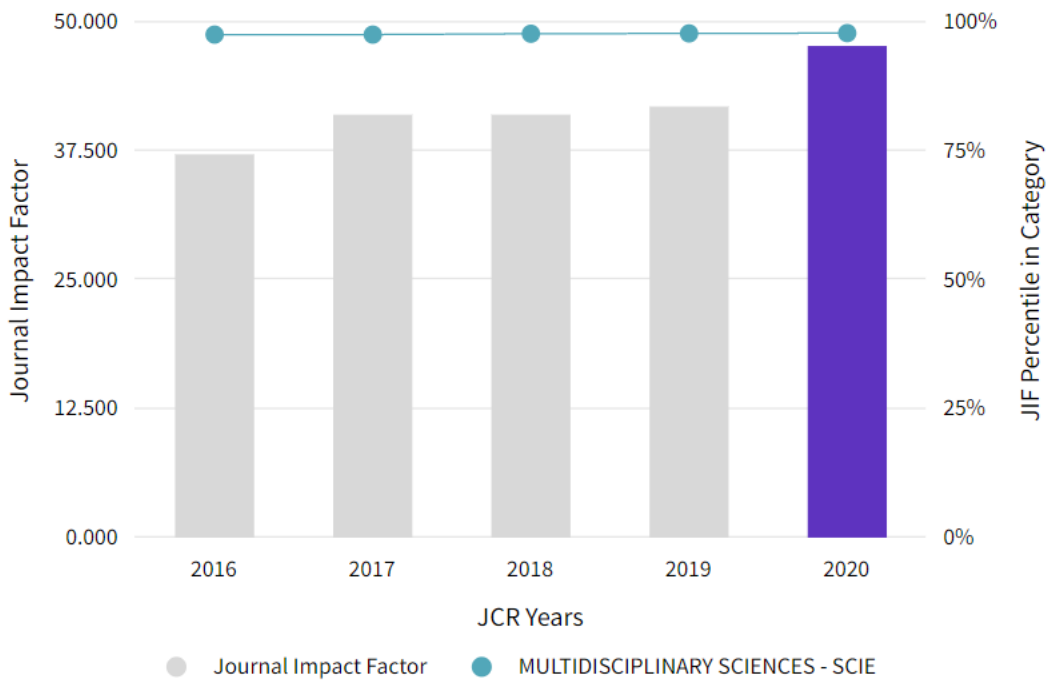

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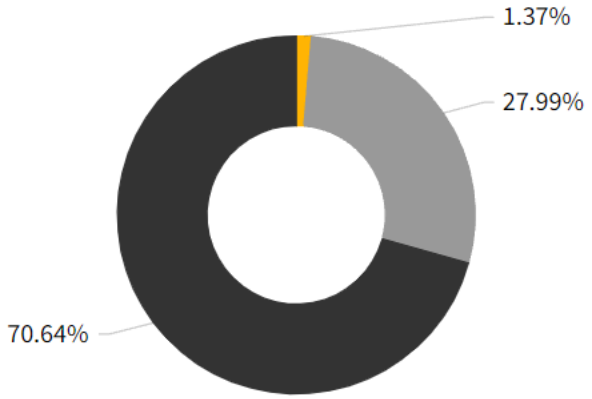

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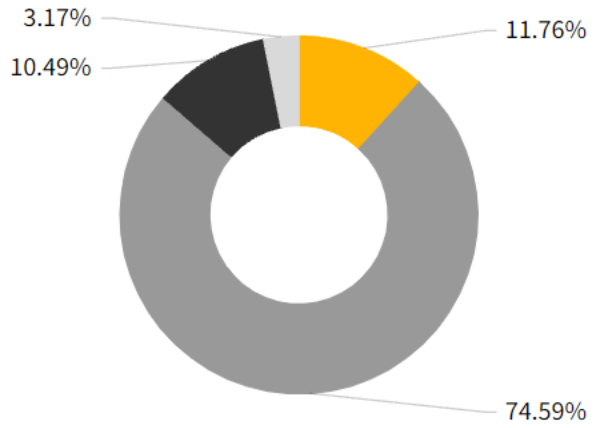

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4	CENTRE NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE SCIENTIFIQUE (CNRS)	251
5	HOWARD HUGHES MEDICAL INSTITUTE	247
6	STANFORD UNIVERSITY	246
7	MAX PLANCK SOCIETY	226
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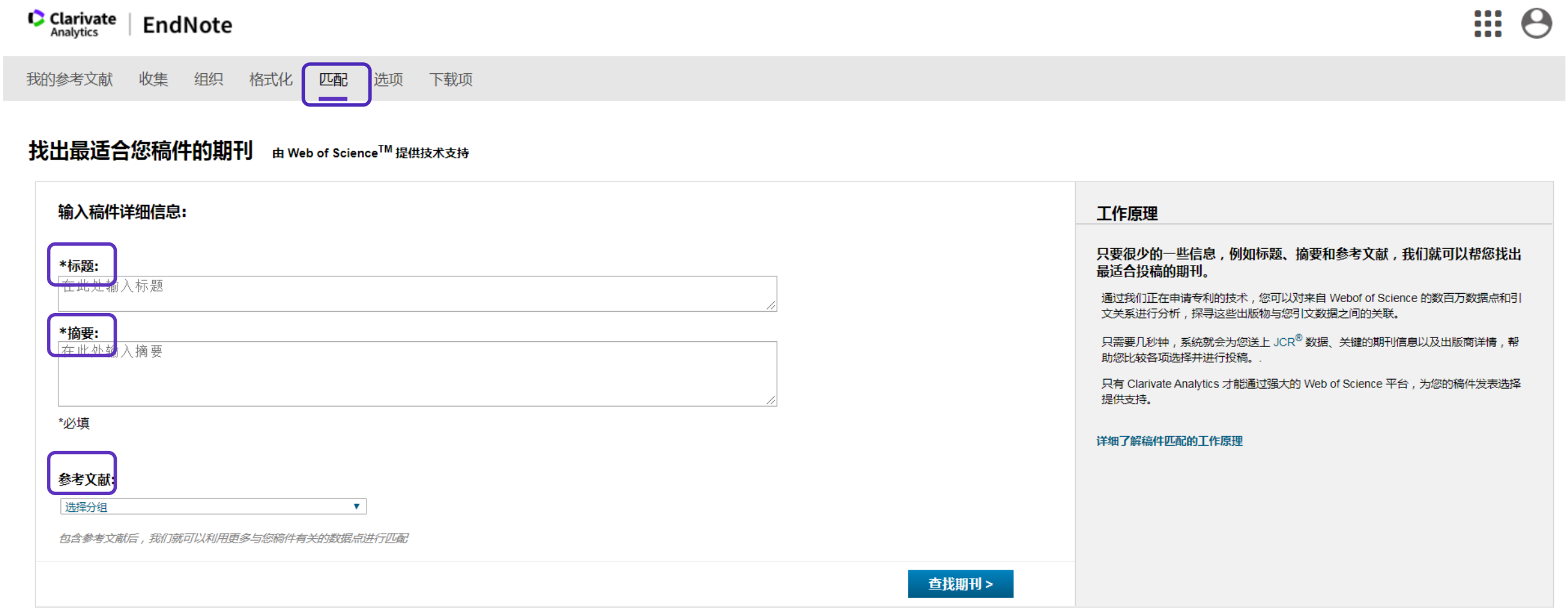

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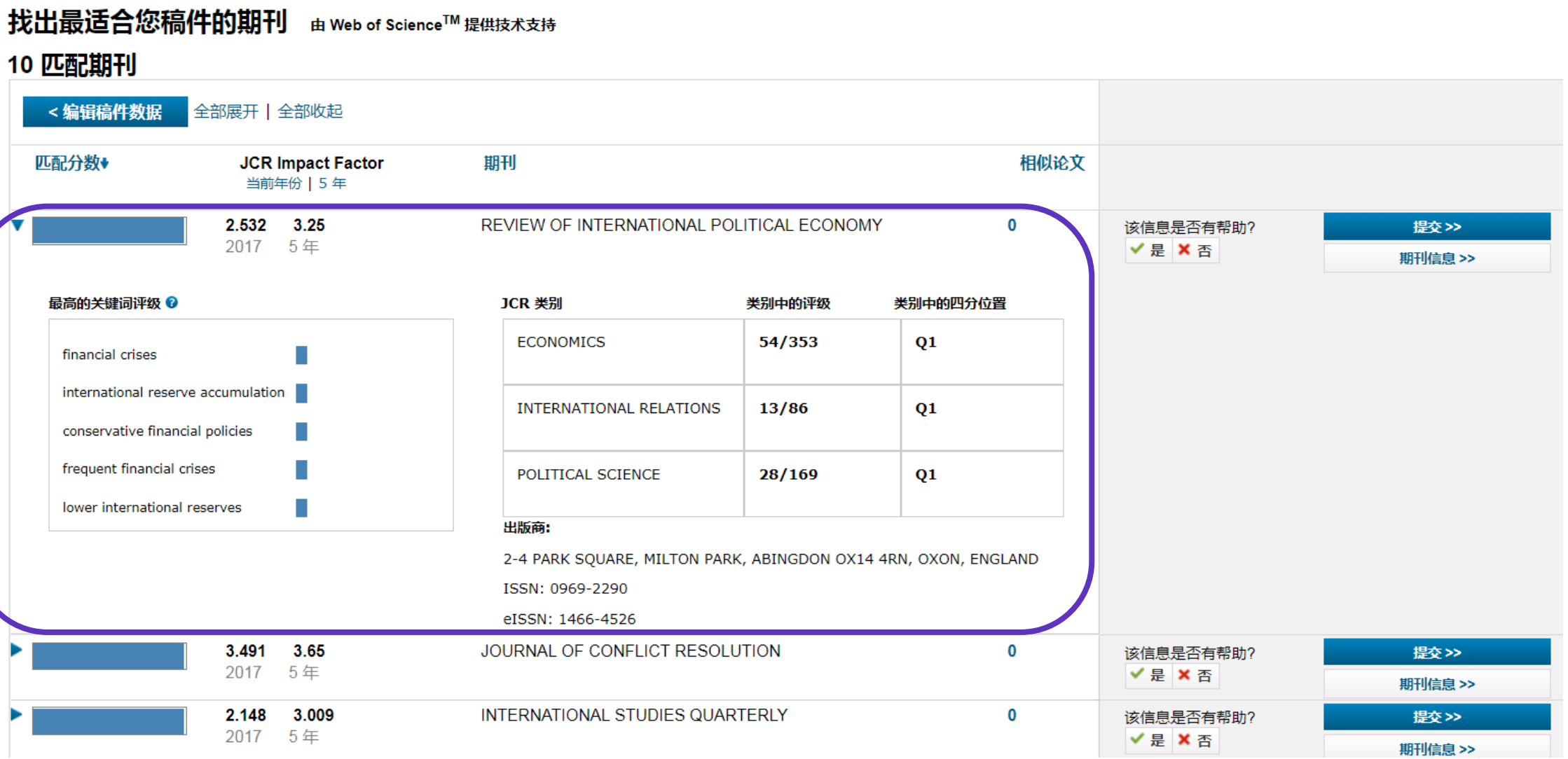

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Solutions to microplastic pollution - Removal of microplastics from wastewater effluent with advanced wastewater treatment technologies

作者: Talvitie, J (Talvitie, Julia) [1]; Mikola, A (Mikola, Anna) [1]; Koistinen, A (Koistinen, Arto) [2]; Setala, O (Setala, Outi) [3]
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WATER RESEARCH
卷: 123 **页:** 401-407
DOI: 10.1016/j.watres.2017.07.005
出版时间: OCT 15 2017
文献类型: Article

摘要
Conventional wastew ent with primary and secondary treatment processes efficiently remove microplastics (MPs) from the wastewater. Despite the efficient re al effluents can act as entrance route of MPs, given the large volumes constantly discharged into the aquatic environments. This study investigated the removal of MPs from effluent in four different municipal wastewater treatment plants utilizing different nal-stage treatment technologies. The study included membrane bioreactor treating primary effluent and different tertiary treatment (discfilter, rapid sand filtration and dissolved air flotation) treating secondary effluent. The MBR removed 99.9% of MPs during the om 6.9 to 0.005 MP L-1), rapid sand filter 97% (from 0.7 to 0.02 MP L-1), dissolved air flotation 95% (from 2.0 to 0.1 MP L-1) and discfilter 40-
[illegible] from 0.5 - 2.0 to 0.03-03 MP L-1) of the MPs during the treatment. Our study shows that with advanced final-stage wastewater treatment

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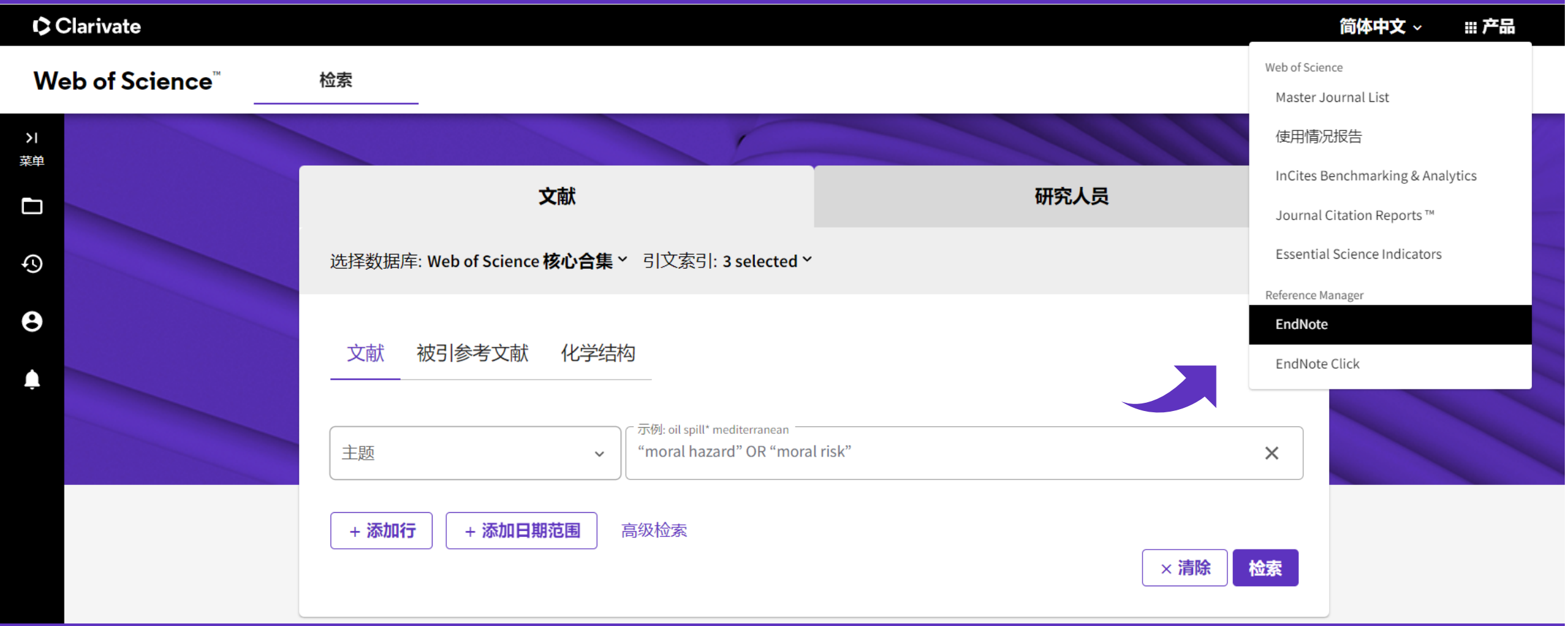

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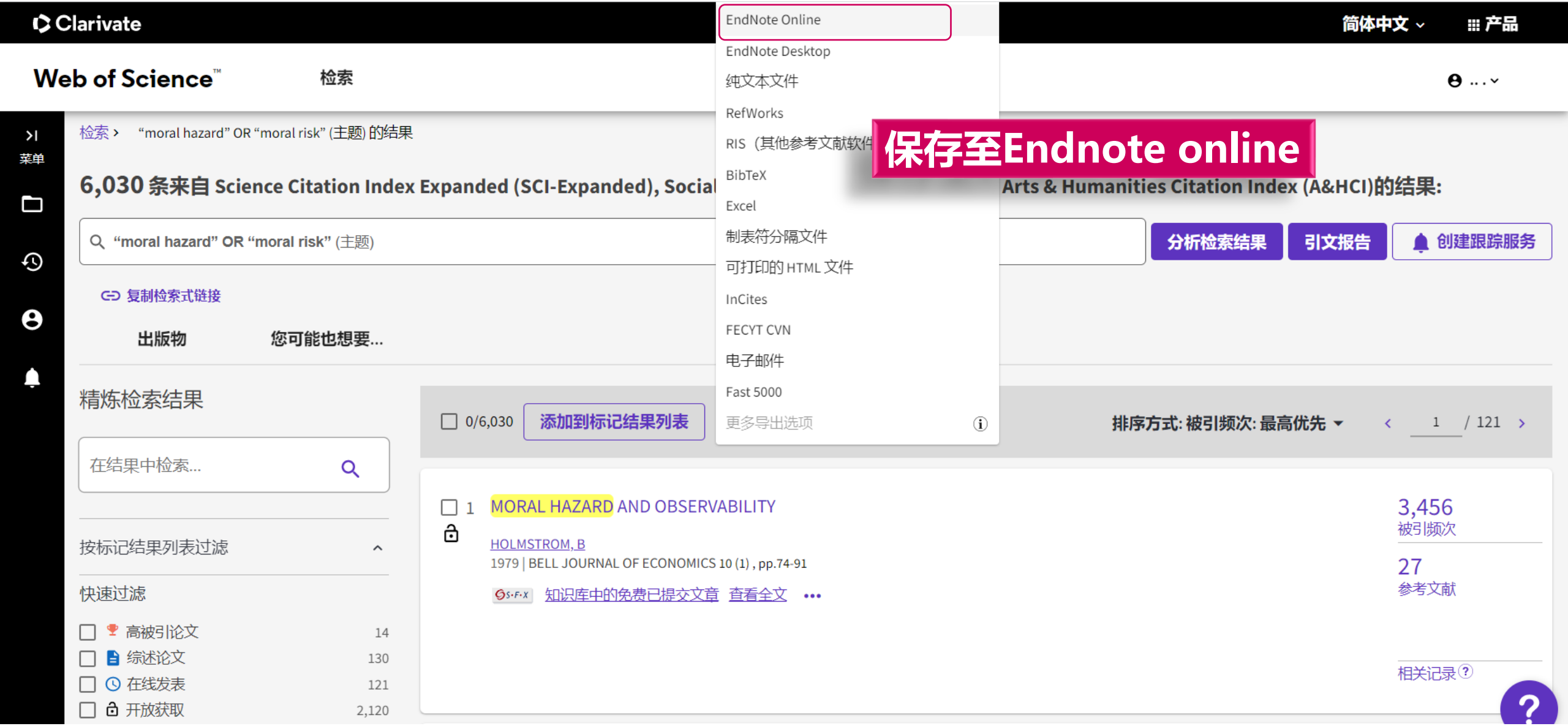

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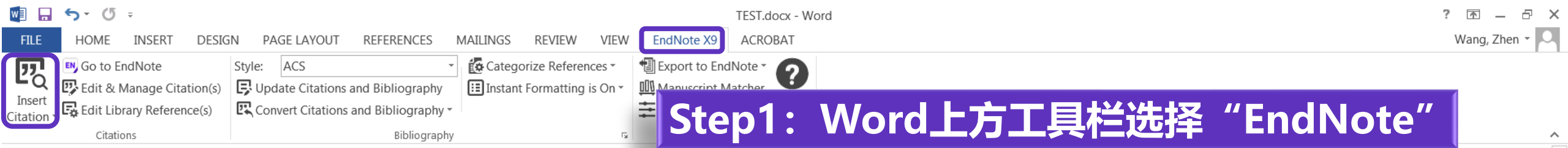

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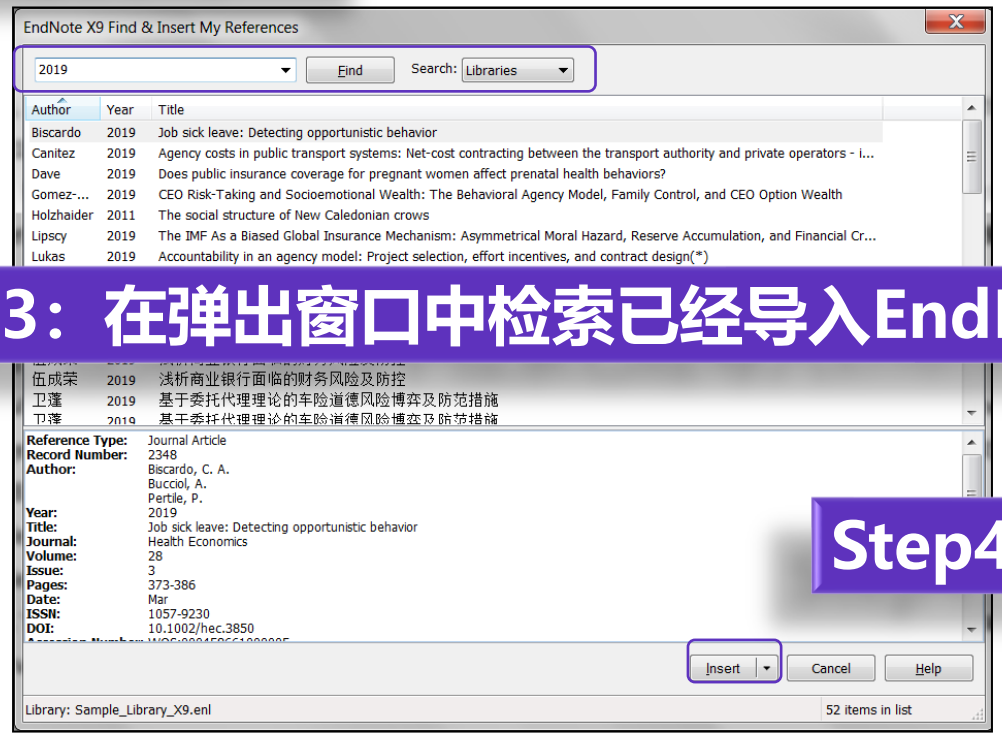

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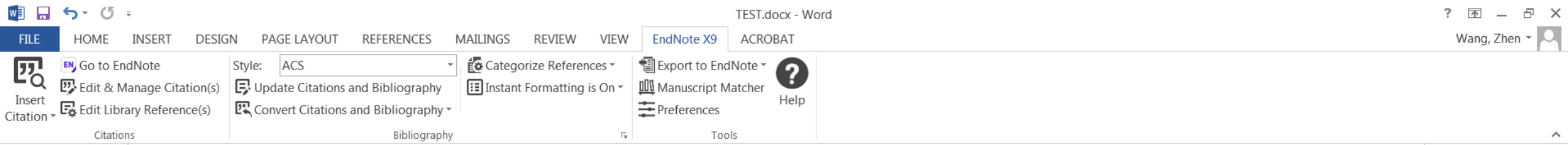

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2. Canitez, F.; Alpkokin, P.; Black, J. A., Agency costs in public transport systems: Net-cost contracting between the transport authority and private operators - impact on passengers. *Cities* **2019,** *86*, 154-166.

3. Dave, D. M.; Kaestner, R.; Wehby, G. L., Does public insurance coverage for pregnant women affect prenatal health behaviors? *Journal of Population Economics* **2019,** *32* (2), 419-453.

4. Gomez-Mejia, L. R.; Neacsu, I.; Martin, G., CEO Risk-Taking and Socioemotional Wealth: The Behavioral Agency Model, Family Control, and CEO Option Wealth. *Journal of Management* **2019,** *45* (4), 1713-1738.

5. Holzhaider, J. C.; Sibley, M. D.; Taylor, A. H.; Singh, P. J.; Gray, R. D.; Hunt, G. R., The social structure of New Caledonian crows. *Anim. Behav.* **2011,** *81* (1), 83-92.

6. Lipscy, P. Y.; Lee, H. N. K., The IMF As a Biased Global Insurance Mechanism: Asymmetrical Moral

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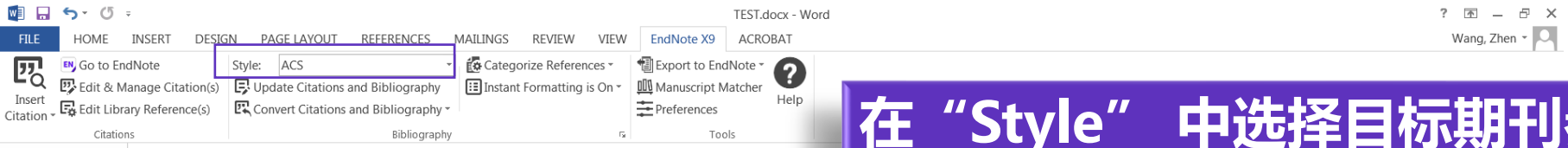

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1. Biscardo, C. A.; Bucciol, A.; Pe
Economics **2019,** *28* (3), 373-386.
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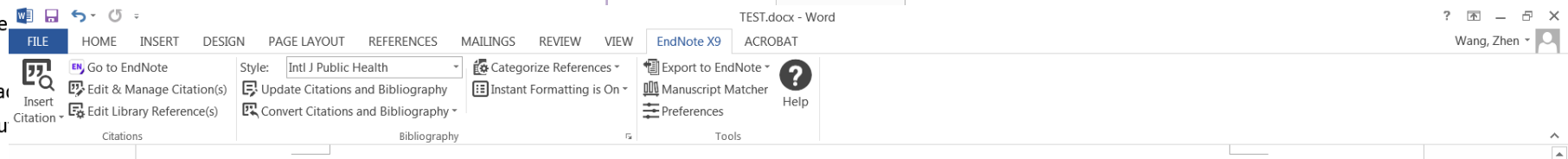

Test(Biscardo et al. 2019; Canitez et al. 2019; Dave et al. 2019; Gomez-Mejia et al. 2019; Holzhaider et al. 2011; Lipscy and Lee 2019)

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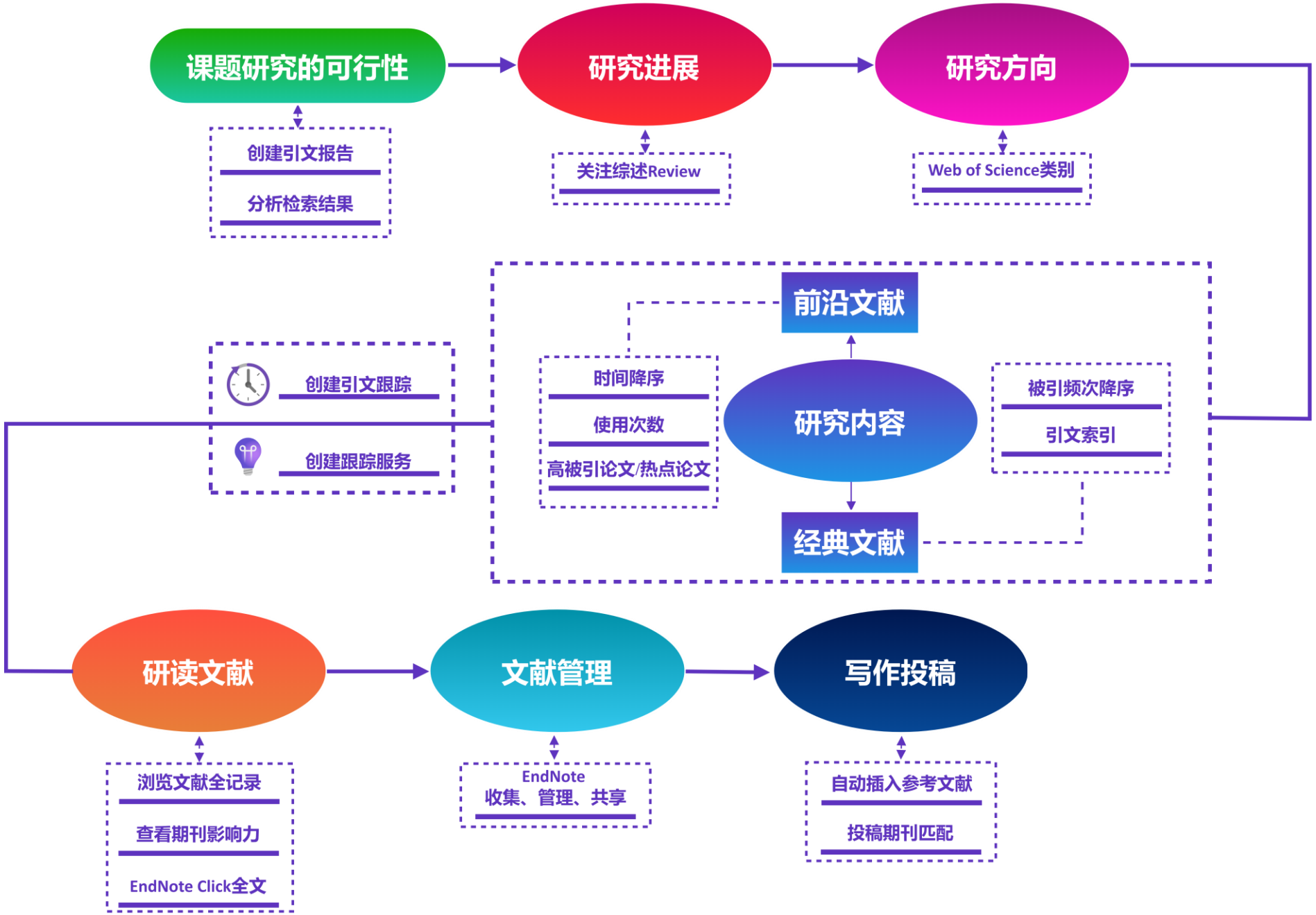
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